



International Accreditation Service, Inc.
3060 Saturn Street, Suite 100
Brea, CA 92821 USA
t: 562.364.8201
t: 866.427.4422
www.iasonline.org

July 15, 2019

TO: IAS-ACCREDITED SPECIAL INSPECTION AGENCIES AND OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES

SUBJECT: Proposed Revisions to the Accreditation Criteria for Special Inspection Agencies, Subject AC291-0919-0919-R1 (RN/AM)]

Hearing Information:

IAS Accreditation Committee
Monday, September 16, 2019
8:00 a.m.

Fullerton Marriott at California State University

2701 Nutwood Avenue
Fullerton, CA 92831
(714) 738-7800

Dear Madam or Sir:

The proposed IAS Accreditation Criteria for Special Inspection Agencies, AC291, has been placed on the agenda for committee consideration at the above-noted meeting.

The following changes are proposed:

Page 2, (Clause 1.2)-Reference & Normative Documents: Several Normative Standards and Codes were deleted, as they are not requirements for complete scope of AC291.

Page 3, (2.0 Definitions): Definitions not directly referred to in these criteria, but otherwise mentioned in the applicable Code or reference standards are deleted.

Page 5 (Clause 4.1) Documented Information Submission: Added a cross reference to local requirement of Clark County (technical guides).

Page 13 (Clause 5.0) Minimum Qualifications for Special Inspectors: Additional text added to accommodate equivalent requirements applicable for other economies where the accredited special inspection agency may be operating.

Page 13 (Clause 5.0) TABLE 1 Minimum Qualifications for Special Inspectors: Added rows/added requirements for equivalent qualification and experience/personnel certification requirement.

Appendix-A Material Certifications: (Standards listed in Appendix A are Reference Documents; typical reference and other equivalent National standards or norms referenced in contract shall be binding.) Usage of this Appendix was not found essential, in view of focus of special inspections are based on approved plan and Contractual requirements, and hence proposed to be deleted.

Descriptive section is attached for reference only to accommodate and assist AHJs/AAs who do not specify inspector's educational qualification, relevant experience and evaluated skill requirement. A descriptive section is attached for reference only (at the end of AC291). This is specifically designed to assist in those economies, where special inspections similar to those noted under IBC related to Fire, Life Safety and Structural Code requirements are being enforced.

You are cordially invited to submit written comments, or to attend the committee hearing and present verbal comments. Written comments will be forwarded to the committee, **prior to the hearing**, if received by **August 28, 2019**. Please use the comment form link found on the Accreditation Committee meeting page on the IAS website, www.iasonline.org. Comments may be postal mailed to the address above or emailed to iasinfo@iasonline.org.

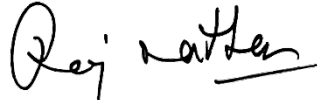
Any written material submitted for committee consideration will be available for public distribution as set forth in Section 4.0 of the Rules of Procedure for Accreditation Committee Meetings (copy enclosed).

Visual aids (including, but not limited to, charts, slides, videos, or presentation software) for viewing at meetings will be permitted only if the presenter provides to IAS, before the presentation, a copy of the visual aid(s) in a medium that can be retained by IAS with its record of the meeting, and that can also be provided to interested parties.

Your cooperation is requested in forwarding to the **Brea** office, as noted above, all material directed to the committee. Prior to the hearing, parties interested in the deliberations of the committee should refrain from communicating, whether in writing or verbally, with committee members regarding agenda items. The committee reserves the right to refuse communications that do not comply with this request.

If you have any questions, please contact Akshay Mishra, accreditation officer, at 562-364-8201, extension 7444, or the undersigned at 562-364-8201. You may also reach us by e-mail at iasinfo@iasonline.org.

Yours very truly,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Raj Nathan". The signature is written in a cursive style with a horizontal line underneath the name.

Raj Nathan
President

RN/nl

Enclosures

cc: Accreditation Committee



RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR ACCREDITATION COMMITTEE MEETINGS

1 1.0 PURPOSE

2 The purpose of the Accreditation Committee and its meetings is to safeguard IAS' impartiality to monitor the work of and
3 to approve accreditation criteria for International Accreditation Service, Inc. (IAS).

4 The committee meetings, which are open public hearings, provide an opportunity for effective involvement by all
5 interested parties.

6 2.0 MEETINGS

7 **2.1** The Accreditation Committee shall schedule meetings that are open to the public in discharging its duties under
8 Section 1, subject to Section 5.0 of these rules.

9 **2.2** To properly discharge its responsibilities with respect to monitoring of IAS accreditation activities, the committee shall
10 have a standing item on its meeting agenda for a presentation by staff on the status of its accredited programs and information
11 on any pending appeals.

12 **2.3** All scheduled meetings shall be publicly announced.

13 **2.4** A majority of the voting Accreditation Committee members shall constitute a quorum. A majority vote of members
14 present is required on any action.

15 **2.5** If a specific interest group is not represented, votes by the committee on subjects related to that interest group will be
16 held in abeyance. IAS staff shall make pertinent information available to absentee committee members, and ballot the
17 members at a later stage. Records of such ballots shall be made available upon request.

18 **2.6** In the absence of the nonvoting Chair-Moderator, Accreditation Committee members present shall elect an alternate
19 Chairman from the committee for that meeting. The alternate Chairman shall be counted as a voting committee member for
20 purposes of maintaining a committee quorum and to cast a tie-breaking vote of the committee.

21 **2.7** Minutes of the meetings shall be kept.

22 3.0 MEMBER COMPETENCE CRITERIA

23 Members of the Accreditation Committee shall be familiar with conformity assessment and the implementation of
24 regulatory requirements within their industry sector. They shall possess:

- 25 • A Baccalaureate degree from an accredited institution or a minimum of ten years equivalent experience as determined by
26 IAS;
- 27 • Current employment within the conformity assessment, regulatory field, academia, industry, or IAS accredited CAB; and
- 28 • Demonstrated expertise in one or more accreditation programs offered by IAS.

29 **4.0 MEETING RECORDS**

30 Official meeting records shall be kept by IAS; no other audio, video, electronic or stenographic recordings of the meetings
31 will be permitted. Visual aids (including, but not limited to, charts, slides, videos, or presentation software) viewed at meetings
32 shall be permitted only if the presenter provides IAS before presentation with a copy of the visual aid in a medium which can
33 be retained by IAS with its record of the meeting and which can also be provided to interested parties requesting a copy. A
34 copy of the IAS minutes of the meeting and such visual aids, if any, will be available to interested parties upon written request
35 made to IAS together with a payment as required by IAS to cover costs of preparation and duplication of the copy. These
36 materials will be available shortly after the conclusion of the meeting but will no longer be available after 60 days have elapsed
37 from the conclusion of the meeting.

38 **5.0 WRITTEN COMMUNICATIONS AND SUBMISSIONS**

39 Parties interested in the deliberations of the committee should refrain from communicating, whether in writing or verbally,
40 with committee members regarding agenda items. All written communications and submissions regarding agenda items
41 should be delivered to IAS. All such written communications and submissions shall be considered nonconfidential and
42 available for discussion in open session of an Accreditation Committee meeting, and shall be delivered *at least twenty days*
43 before the scheduled Accreditation Committee meeting if they are to be forwarded to the Committee. Correspondence
44 received by IAS will not be released to any party, except to the Accreditation Committee, prior to the meeting without
45 permission of the author. The committee reserves the right to refuse recognition of communications which do not comply with
46 the provisions of this section. All such communications and submissions will be available from IAS upon written request and
47 payment of costs associated with duplication. The materials will be available shortly after the conclusion of the meeting but will
48 no longer be available after 60 days have elapsed from the conclusion of the meeting.

49 **6.0 CLOSED SESSIONS**

50 Meetings shall be open except that the chairman may call for a closed session to seek advice of counsel.

51 **7.0 ACCREDITATION CRITERIA**

52 Criteria are established by the committee to provide a basis for International Accreditation Service, Inc., accreditations.
53 Consideration of accreditation criteria must be in conjunction with a current and valid application for an IAS accreditation listing
54 or as otherwise determined by the Accreditation Committee.

55 **7.1 Procedure**

56 **7.1.1 New Criteria**

57 **7.1.1.1** Proposed accreditation criteria may be submitted by interested parties to IAS, and/or shall be developed by the
58 IAS staff and discussed in open session with the Accreditation Committee during a scheduled meeting

59 **7.1.1.2** Proposed accreditation criteria shall be available to interested parties approximately 60 days before discussion
60 at the committee meeting, unless determined by IAS management that extraordinary consideration and electronic balloting are
61 needed.

62 **7.1.1.3** The committee shall be informed of all pertinent written communications received by IAS. Parties interested in
63 proposed new criteria may deliver communications and submissions regarding such proposed criteria to IAS within 40 days of
64 the posting of the public notice on the IAS website. Such communications and submissions will otherwise be subject to the
65 provisions of Section 4.0 of these rules.

66 **7.1.1.4** Attendees at Accreditation Committee meetings shall have the opportunity to speak on accreditation criteria
67 listed on the meeting agenda, to provide information to committee members.

68 **7.1.2 Existing Criteria**

69 **7.1.2.1** Changes to existing accreditation criteria may be submitted by interested parties to IAS, and/or shall be
70 changed by the IAS staff. Existing accreditation criteria may be revised by the committee either (i) at a public meeting pursuant
71 to the procedures set forth herein, or (ii) by electronic ballot, provided public notice is provided as stipulated I Section 7.1.1.2.

72 **7.1.2.2** The committee shall be informed of all pertinent written communications received by IAS. Parties interested in
73 the proposed revisions to accreditation criteria may deliver communications and submissions regarding such proposed
74 revisions to IAS within the following timelines:

75

Type	Dates
Public Meeting	40 Days after posting of proposed criteria
Electronic Balloting Process	30 Days after posting of proposed criteria

76

77 Such communications and submissions will otherwise be subject to the provisions of Section 4.0 of these rules.

78 **7.1.3 ELECTRONIC BALLOTING**

79 **7.1.3.1** IAS management shall provide written rationale and seek permission and documented approval from the IAS
80 Accreditation Committee chair to propose new criteria or to revise existing criteria for extraordinary consideration and
81 electronic balloting by the committee.

82 **7.1.3.2** Proposed accreditation criteria shall be available to interested parties approximately 30 days before
83 consideration by the committee. All pertinent written communications received by IAS relating to the proposed criteria shall be
84 received no later than 30 days after the posting of the criteria. Ballots, along with comments received and staff
85 recommendations, will be submitted to the committee for consideration. The committee shall return their ballots with their
86 recommendations within 10 days from the date ballots are sent. The results of the balloting will be compiled and forwarded to
87 the chair of the committee for validation and decision.

88 **7.1.3.3** The electronically balloted criteria shall be brought back to the next regularly scheduled accreditation
89 committee hearing as per Section 7.1.2 of these rules,

90 **7.1.4 Effective Date of Published Criteria**

91 **7.1.4.1** The effective date of approved accreditation criteria or approved revisions to existing accreditation criteria shall
92 be no earlier than 30 days following the public meeting.

93 **7.1.4.2** Approved criteria using electronic balloting shall be effective the date of posting of the criteria on the IAS
94 website.

95 **7.2 Approval**

96 Approval of accreditation criteria shall be as specified in Section 2.4 of these rules.

97

98 **8.0 ACCREDITATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS**

99 **8.1** The IAS Accreditation Committee members are appointed or reappointed annually by the IAS Board of Directors in
100 consultation with the IAS President.

101
102 **8.2** Committee members are selected from senior management positions within accredited organizations, users of
103 accreditation, industry groups and governmental or regulatory organizations. The individuals appointed to the committee shall
104 have knowledge of regulatory codes within their industry sector and international conformity assessment process and
105 practices. ■

PROPOSED REVISIONS TO THE ACCREDITATION CRITERIA FOR SPECIAL INSPECTION AGENCIES

AC291

Proposed September 16, 2019

PREFACE

The attached accreditation criteria have been proposed to provide all interested parties with an opportunity to comment. These criteria may be further revised as needed. The criteria are developed and adopted following public hearings conducted by the International Accreditation Service, Inc. (IAS), Accreditation Committee and are effective on the first of the month following approval by the Accreditation Committee, but no earlier than 30 days following the approval.

PROPOSED REVISIONS TO THE ACCREDITATION CRITERIA FOR SPECIAL INSPECTION AGENCIES

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 **Scope:** These criteria set forth the requirements for obtaining and maintaining International Accreditation Service, Inc. (IAS), Special Inspection Agency accreditation. These criteria supplement the IAS Rules of Procedure for Special Inspection Agencies.

1.2 **References and Normative Documents:** Publications listed below refer to current editions (unless otherwise stated).

1.2.1 *International Building Code*® (IBC) or applicable codes currently adopted by the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.

~~1.2.2 New York City Construction Code.~~

~~1.2.3 New York City Department of Buildings Rule for New York City, 1RCNY 101-06 and 101-07.~~

~~1.2.4~~ 1.2.2 ISO/IEC Standard 17020, Conformity assessment – Requirements for the operation of various types of bodies performing inspection.

~~1.2.5~~ 1.2.3 ISO/IEC Standard 17024, Conformity assessment – General requirements for bodies operating certification of persons.

~~1.2.6~~ 1.2.4 IAS Rules of Procedure for Special Inspection Agency Accreditation.

~~1.2.7~~ 1.2.5 IAS AC371, Accreditation Criteria for Training Agencies for Workforce Qualification Programs.

~~1.2.8~~ 1.2.6 IAS AC478, Accreditation Criteria for Inspection Practices of Metal Building Assemblers.

~~1.2.9~~ ICC/IAS *Model Program for Special Inspection*. [leave in; will fix numbering when finalized]

~~1.2.10~~ 1.2.7 ILAC P10, ILAC Policy on Traceability of Measurement Results.

~~1.2.11~~ 1.2.8 ILAC P15, Application of ISO/IEC 17020:2012 for the Accreditation of Inspection Bodies.

~~1.2.12 ICE (Institute for Credentialing Excellence) 1100, Standard for Assessment-Based Certificate Programs (2009).~~

~~1.2.13 ASTM C33/C33M, Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates.~~

~~1.2.14 ASTM C330/C330M, Standard Specification for Lightweight Aggregates for Structural Concrete.~~

~~1.2.15 ASTM E329, Standard Specification for Agencies Engaged in Construction Inspection, Testing, or Special Inspection.~~

~~1.2.16 ASTM E814, Standard Test Method for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestop Systems.~~

~~1.2.17 ASTM E1966, Standard Test Method for Fire-Resistive Joint Systems.~~

~~1.2.18 ASTM E2174, Standard Practice for On-Site Inspection of Installed Fire Stops.~~

~~1.2.19 ASTM E2307, Standard Test Method for Determining Fire Resistance of Perimeter Fire Barriers Using Intermediate-Scale, Multi-story Test Apparatus.~~

~~1.2.20 ASTM E2393, Standard Practice for On-Site Inspection of Installed Fire-Resistive Joint Systems and Perimeter Fire Barriers.~~

~~1.2.21 ASTM E2659, Standard Practice for Certificate Programs.~~

~~1.2.22 Firestop Contractors International Association "FCIA Firestop Manual of Practice," Appendix H, Revision No. 8, Section 07-84.00, Firestopping Penetrations, Joints and Perimeter Fire Containment.~~

~~1.2.23 FM 4991, Approval Standard for Firestop Contractors.~~

~~1.2.24 UL 1479, Standard for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestops.~~

~~1.2.25 UL 2079, Standard for Tests for Fire Resistance of Building Joint Systems.~~

~~1.2.26~~1.2.9 Publications of the following Standard Development Organizations (SDOs), AAMA, ACI, ASHRAE, AISC, ANSI, ASCE, ASME, ASTM, AWPA, AWS, AWWA, CSA, NHMA, FEMA, NFPA, NHMA, SDI, SJI, SMACNA, TIA, TPI, UL and WDMA may also be used, as applicable.

2.0 DEFINITIONS

Applicable definitions of ISO/IEC Standard 17000 series apply.

2.1 **Approved:** Acceptable to the building official or authorized representative of the local AHJ.

2.2 **Approved Agency:** An established and recognized agency regularly engaged in conducting tests and/or furnishing inspection services, when such agency has been approved.

2.3 **Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ):** An organization, office, or individual responsible for enforcing the requirements of a code or standard, or for approving equipment, materials, an installation, or procedure.

~~2.4 **Certificate of Compliance:** A certificate stating that materials and products meet specified standards or that work was done in compliance with approved construction documents.~~

~~2.5~~2.4 **Extending Accreditation:** Process of enlarging the scope of accreditation.

~~2.6~~2.5 **Fabricated Item:** Structural load-bearing or lateral load-resisting assemblies consisting of materials assembled prior to installation in a building or structure, or subjected to operations such as heat treatment, thermal cutting, cold working or reforming after manufacture and prior to installation in a building or structure. Materials produced in accordance with standard specifications referenced by the building code, such as rolled structural steel shapes, steel-reinforcing bars, masonry units, and wood structural panels or in accordance with a standard listed in the IBC that provides requirements for quality control done under the supervision of a third-party quality control agency shall not be considered "fabricated items."

~~2.7~~2.6 **Fire Protection Engineer (F.P.E.):** An individual with specialized training in fire protection systems for building construction, as evidenced by a bachelor's or higher degree in fire protection engineering from an accredited college, university or engineering school.

~~2.8~~2.7 **Fire-resistant Materials:** Cementitious or fibrous materials, intumescent or thin films that are applied to provide fire-resistant protection of the substrates.

~~2.9~~2.8 **Firestop System:** An assemblage of materials including fire-resistance-rated assembly; penetrating item(s); gap size; the fill, void or cavity materials installed as a system in the breach of the assembly to extend the fire; smoke or other resistance rating of the assembly at the breach due to penetration by electrical, plumbing or mechanical items tested to ASTM E814/UL 1479, by expansion

and construction joints tested to UL 2079/ASTM E1966, and by perimeter joints tested to ASTM E2307 in buildings.

2.102.9 Intumescent Fire-resistant Coatings: Thin film liquid mixture applied to substrates by brush, roller, spray or trowel that expands into a protective foamed layer to provide fire-protection of substrates when exposed to flame or intense heat.

2.142.10 Label: An identification applied on a product by the manufacturer that contains the name of the manufacturer, the function and performance characteristics of the product or material, and the name and identification of an approved agency; and that indicates that a representative sample of the product or material has been tested and evaluated by an approved agency.

2.122.11 Management System Documentation: Documentation, inclusive of operating process and technical work instructions, such as the inspection procedures/methods/checklists/forms/report templates, etc., on the requirements stated in these criteria (AC291) and ISO/IEC 17020, including policies and objectives for effective implementation at all levels of operation.

2.132.12 Manufacturer's Designation/Mark: An identification applied on a product by the manufacturer indicating that a product or material complies with a specified standard or set of rules.

2.142.13 Mastic Fire-resistant Coatings: Liquid mixture applied to a substrate by brush, roller, spray or trowel that provides fire-resistant protection of a substrate when exposed to flame or intense heat.

2.152.14 Professional Engineer (P.E.): An engineer licensed to practice the applicable discipline in the jurisdiction where the project is to be constructed.

2.162.15 Qualified: Meeting the minimum requirements of Table 1, unless otherwise stipulated by the AHJ/Scheme.

2.172.16 Registered Architect (R.A.): An architect licensed to practice the applicable discipline in the jurisdiction where the project is to be constructed.

2.182.17 Registered Design Professional: An individual who is registered or licensed to practice their respective design profession as defined by the statutory requirements of the professional registration laws of the jurisdiction where the project is to be constructed.

2.192.18 Scope of Accreditation: Specific conformity assessment services for which accreditation is sought or has been granted.

2.202.19 Special Inspection: Inspection as herein required of the materials, installation, fabrication, erection or placement of components and connections requiring special expertise to ensure compliance with approved construction documents and referenced standards. Reference the *International Building Code* Chapter 17, Section 1702, or the code most currently adopted by the AHJ in the jurisdiction where the project is to be constructed.

2.212.20 Special Inspection Agency (SIA): A third-party entity approved by the building official to perform special inspections.

~~**2.22 Special Inspection, Continuous:** The full-time observation of work requiring special inspection by an approved special inspector who is present in the area where the project is to be constructed.~~

~~2.23 **Special Inspection, Periodic:** The part-time or intermittent observation of work requiring special inspection by an approved special inspector who is present in the area where the work has been or is being performed and at the completion of the work.~~

2.242.21 **Special Inspector:** A qualified person employed by an SIA, who shall demonstrate competence, to the satisfaction of the building official, for the inspection of the particular type of construction or operation requiring special inspection.

~~2.25 **Structural Observation:** The visual observation of the structural system by a registered design professional for general conformance to the approved construction documents at significant construction stages and at completion of the structural system. Structural observation does not waive inspections required by Section 110 or Section 1704 of the IBC.~~

2.262.22 **Witnessing:** Observation of the conformity assessment body carrying out conformity assessment services within its scope of accreditation.

3.0 ELIGIBILITY

Accreditation services are available to organizations that provide special inspection services

4.0 REQUIRED BASIC INFORMATION

The criteria requirements and documented information that must be submitted by special inspection agencies applying for Special Inspection Agency accreditation are noted below:

Note: An electronic format is preferred.

- 4.1 **Documented Information Submission:** The submission of management system documentation shall comply with all requirements stated in this document [this consists of, but not limited to, a Policy Manual (however titled) – Policy Document complying with each clause/subclause of AC291 listed in this section 4.0, and Inspection Procedure Documents for each category of inspection. This may also include a checklist, a blank form used by the inspector and a reporting template (used to make an inspection report submission), along with the relevant requirements of ISO/IEC Standard 17020:2012 and the building code currently adopted by the AHJ in the jurisdiction where the project is to be constructed. This includes all additional requirements (technical guides, local laws, bulletins, regulations, directives, executive orders, etc.) promulgated by the AHJ.
- 4.2 **Legal Status:** The SIA, or the organization of which it forms a part, shall be legally identifiable.
- 4.3 **Liability Insurance:** The SIA organization or organization of which it forms a part shall provide evidence of liability insurance per contractual requirement or the local requirement enforced by the AHJ.
- 4.4 **Risk to Impartiality:** The SIA shall identify and document the mechanism and an analysis of perceived risks to impartiality on an on-going basis. Responses to both perceived and actual risks shall be recorded. The SIA shall further consider situations where management, staff and special inspectors experience undue pressure from any source, internal or external, that could influence the results of special inspection, project signoff, contract/quote approval, work scheduling or any other related activity. Such pressures may include: threats, inducements, unreasonable time pressures, bonus/salary schemes, productivity incentives, etc.

- 4.4.1 Compensation of inspectors must not directly depend on the number of inspections they perform and in no case on the results of such inspections.
 - 4.4.2 A company-wide Ethics Procedure and Conduct shall be documented and implemented.
 - 4.4.3 An affidavit signed by the principal owners/stakeholders of the SIA and acknowledged by all employees whose job responsibilities are related to special inspection functions, attesting to compliance with the third-party requirements described below:
 - 4.4.4 The applicant SIA and its inspection staff shall not be part of or have a financial or other interest in the construction, manufacture, representation, supply, installation or maintenance of the structures or components (including personnel, facility, technology or methodology) which they inspect, or in entities that supply similar competitive items or services. The SIA and its staff shall not engage in any activities that may conflict with their independence of judgment and integrity. The SIA must operate in a nondiscriminatory, transparent manner to allow full access to its services by interested parties. Additional AHJ rules and regulations published shall be mandatory.
- 4.5 **Confidentiality:** The SIA shall have a policy that ensures confidentiality of the customer information by the SIA and by any subcontractors, taking into account any relevant legal and statutory requirements. Implementation of Sections 4.4 and 4.5 must provide objective evidence that the SIA personnel have read and understood these requirements. Appropriate objective evidence may be in a form referencing the requirement, or any other method appropriate to ensure personnel understand and attest they are in compliance with the requirements.
- 4.6 **Organization and Independence:** The SIA size, structure and composition shall be suitable for the competent performance of the tasks within the SIA's scope. A single person (1 inspector) agency (SPA) may be accredited provided all relevant requirements of this document are effectively implemented. Categorization of the SIA shall match the requirement of ISO/IEC 17020, Clause 4.1.6 (Type-A, B or C).

The SIA shall maintain an up-to-date organizational chart clearly showing the functions and lines of authority for staff within the SIA. Any relationship between special inspections and other activities within the organization shall also be defined. The position of the technical manager (and deputy technical manager) and quality manager (and deputy quality manager) (however named) shall be clearly shown in the chart.

Job descriptions and responsibilities of key personnel shall be defined including:

- 4.6.1 A technical manager (however named) with the necessary qualifications and experience and who has overall responsibility for the technical operations.
- 4.6.2 A quality manager (however named) with the necessary qualifications and experience and who has the responsibility for the management system and its implementation. This person shall have direct access to the highest level of authority within the organization. Necessary qualifications and experience must be sufficient to effectively perform their responsibilities.

4.6.3 Field supervisor(s) who is (are) responsible for the results of inspections, and the training and monitoring of inspectors for each field of inspection. If the field inspection supervisor covers more than one field of inspection, he/she shall be suitably qualified in each field.

4.6.4 Deputies in the absence of technical manager, quality manager and/or field supervisor(s).

Note: The purpose of nominating a deputy is to satisfy the need for competent management in the absence of the manager. In an organization where the absence of a key person causes the cessation of work, the requirement for deputies may be waived. Other positions that could affect the quality of inspection activities, such as manager and inspectors, shall be described.

4.7 **Technical Competency of Special Inspectors:** A matrix matching inspector qualifications, certifications and relevant experience to categories in which they are authorized to conduct special inspections, shall be maintained and used for dispatch. Inspector education, certification and relevant documented experience shall satisfy the requirements of the AHJ or Table 1 (if none are specified). The matrix shall include the date of employment and expiration dates for certifications (if any).

IAS shall assess the appropriateness of the competence requirements, education, training, technical knowledge, hands on skills as demonstrated onsite or by interview onsite or at the office. Personnel found to possess inadequate skills and job knowledge will be expected to undertake training, mentoring or gain additional experience to correct such discrepancies.

The matrix shall also identify staff that are authorized by the SIA to perform technical reviews, final sign off and release of reports, including any additional requirement of the AHJ. SIA staff that are authorized to perform onsite supervision and monitoring and onsite training shall also be identified.

4.8 **Jobsite Safety:** Safety procedures addressing perceived risks in each field of inspection, along with measures for mitigating such unsafe conditions during field inspections and testing, shall be implemented by the SIA. Special conditions applied to each project/installation by local, state and Federal authorities shall be binding.

4.9 **Measuring and Monitoring Resources:** The SIA shall document policies and procedures on equipment maintenance, including equipment used to perform special inspections and/or verify testing under special inspections in the field.

4.9.1 Special inspection agencies shall maintain a list of test and measuring equipment used for conducting special inspections under these criteria. This list shall include information on range, accuracy, maintenance, calibration status and frequency of calibration. Wherever possible, calibration services shall be provided by a calibration laboratory accredited by IAS or by an accreditation body that is a partner with IAS in a mutual recognition arrangement (MRA).

It is recognized there may not be nationally recognized standards available for unique inspection equipment. When such instances exist, calibration procedures must be in compliance with manufacturer's recommendations to the extent that such inspection equipment is calibrated to ensure consistency with the required measuring capabilities. It is the SIA's

responsibility to ensure that such testing equipment is properly calibrated prior to use, specifically when another entity is responsible for supplying or performing tests being witnessed and reviewed for acceptance by the SIA.

- 4.9.2 The SIA shall have policies and procedures for handling defective equipment. The SIA shall examine the effect of test and/or measuring equipment found to be defective on previous inspections and, when necessary, take appropriate corrective action.
- 4.9.3 All testing and measurement equipment (SIA owned, SIA leased/rented or supplied by others) used at job sites shall be sorted into different categories, depending upon the precision of measurement and complexity of process, as follows:
 - 4.9.3.1 Equipment calibrated by an external source (accredited partner with IAS in an MRA).
 - 4.9.3.2 Equipment for which verification of calibration is done internally by SIA or others. Verifiable documents shall be readily available before final acceptance of results of tests/measurements.
 - 4.9.3.3 Equipment that does not require ongoing calibration, but verification before use.

4.10 Record and Document Control: All documented information issued to personnel in the SIA as part of the management system documentation shall be reviewed and approved for use by authorized personnel prior to issue. A master list or an equivalent document control procedure (in any form) identifying the current revision status and distribution of documents in the management system shall be established and be readily available to preclude the use of invalid and/or obsolete documents. Records shall be maintained by the SIA for a period specified by the AHJ or a period, as per a contractual requirement, whichever is longer, and shall include, at least the following but not limited to:

- 4.10.1 Legal entity status and AHJ's registration requirement, if any;
- 4.10.2 Human resources record for confidentiality, impartiality and conflict of interest;
- 4.10.3 Liability insurance;
- 4.10.4 Perceived risk analysis and mitigation records;
- 4.10.5 Signed quotes/contracts;
- 4.10.6 Record of inspection schedules/dispatch record;
- 4.10.7 Inspector's competency matrix (for each category of inspection and for contract employees, if any);
- 4.10.8 List of subcontractors (for inspection, testing and calibration, if any);
- 4.10.9 Special inspection reports with discrepancy logs and all resolutions, if any;
- 4.10.10 Calibration record of measuring and monitoring equipment (owned, rented, witnessed and/or supplied by others);
- 4.10.11 Chain of custody of samples (created or supervised), if kept separately;
- 4.10.12 List of controlled documents (including: management system manual, process documents, inspection procedures, worksheets prepared by the inspector, templates and other forms);
- 4.10.13 Internal audit, corrective measures, preventive actions and plans for improvement;
- 4.10.14 Customer complaints with record of resolution;
- 4.10.15 Feedback analysis;

- 4.10.16 Training plan(s) and/or training records;
- 4.10.17 Supervision and monitoring plan for special inspectors, including a report of evaluation.
- 4.10.18 Uniquely identified management system documents generated by the SIA. Such identification shall include: the date of issue and/or revision identification, page numbering, total number of pages, a mark to signify the end of the document and the issuing authority.
- 4.10.19 Procedures established to describe the process for changing and controlling electronic documents.
- 4.10.20 Documented policies and procedures on how the SIA shall retain records (electronic record and hard copy record) to have foolproof protection in case of accidental loss (both at facility and remotely).
Note: Some records need not be maintained separately if they are part of, or subparts of, other records.
Note: Controlled documents include, but are not limited to, the quality manual, standard operating procedures, special inspection procedures, and copies of forms, checklists, etc., relevant to the inspection activities.
- 4.10.21 Invalid or obsolete documents must be promptly removed from all points of issue or use. Obsolete documents retained for either legal or knowledge-preservation purposes must be suitably marked.

4.11 **Quotation and Contract:** Contracts or work orders (RFQ or agreement of similar intent) for special inspections shall ensure a clear and demonstrable understanding between the SIA and its customer (owner or their authorized representative). The scope of the inspection work to be undertaken by the SIA shall be clearly defined and agreed to in writing. Where appropriate each contract or request should be reviewed by the SIA to ensure that:

- 4.11.1 The SIA has the capability and only conducts work within its area of expertise (manpower and other resources to perform inspection) to meet the customer's requirements,
- 4.11.2 Contract conditions are agreed to in writing,
- 4.11.3 Special equipment needs are identified,
- 4.11.4 Personnel training needs, if any, are identified,
- 4.11.5 Regulatory and statutory requirements are identified,
- 4.11.6 Special safety requirements are identified,
- 4.11.7 The extent of subcontracting arrangements required are identified and communicated,
- 4.11.8 Documentation needs are identified, report submission schedule/modes are communicated,
- 4.11.9 The final contract or request accepted by the SIA agrees with the original version that was reviewed,
- 4.11.10 Perceived risk analysis is done for a specific quote, as applicable,
- 4.11.11 All records of contract review are retained.
 - 4.11.11.1 For routine or repeat work requests, review may be limited to considerations of time and human resources and an acceptable record in such cases would be a signed acceptance of the contract by an appropriately authorized person.

4.11.11.2 In situations where verbal agreements are acceptable, the SIA should keep a record of all requests and instructions received verbally, dates and the identity of the customer's representative.

4.12 **Sample Handling:** Procedures for the preparation, acquisition, handling and storage of material samples or field-prepared specimens in accordance with applicable codes and/or standards shall be documented by the SIA. Traceability of samples prepared by SIA or other agencies involved in preparation, storage and transportation of samples, must be maintained.

In the absence of such information, the SIA must have procedures for documenting sampling, handling, storage and transportation techniques.

4.13 **Outsourced Inspection Services:** Outsourcing part of the SIA's responsibility is permitted only to accredited SIAs (accredited to the same scheme by an accreditation body that is a partner with IAS in an MRA), unless specified by the AHJ. The outsourced organization (otherwise called subcontractor) must have documentation substantiating that it agrees to operate under the SIA's management system for subcontracting process qualification. A list of current outsourcing resources must be maintained.

IAS shall not grant accreditation to the SIA for the scope of special inspection for which it does not have any evidence of the competence or resources required to be eligible to perform the inspection and for which it intends to subcontract the entire special inspection activity on a permanent basis.

Contract inspectors, who work under the SIA's system, are not to be treated as subcontractors, as they are mandated to follow all requirements of the SIA's management system, as are regular employees, and local requirements for employment terms shall be mandated.

Note: The terms "subcontracting" and "outsourcing" are considered to be synonyms. Logistics services provider for measuring and testing equipment is not considered as a subcontractor.

4.14 **Complaints & Appeal:** Policies and procedures for processing complaints and appeals from clients and regulatory agencies shall be in place and evidence of implementation shall be documented. Records of all complaints and resolutions shall be maintained and evidence of implementation shall be documented.

4.15 **Feedback Collection:** Policies and procedures for client feedback shall be in place and evidence of implementation shall be documented.

Note: Examples of feedback include client satisfaction surveys and review of inspection reports with clients. Jobsite visits or interactions with clients can also generate valuable feedback.

4.16 **Internal Audit:** Policies and procedures for internal audits shall be in place and evidence of implementation shall be documented.

Note: For agencies with no additional qualified internal auditors, such internal audits may be performed by an independent individual qualified in conformity assessment.

4.17 **Management Review:** Policies and procedures for management review shall be in place and evidence of implementation shall be documented. The management review shall, at a minimum, take account of:

4.17.1 Internal audit reports;

- 4.17.2 External assessment reports;
- 4.17.3 Complaints from clients;
- 4.17.4 Adequacy of human and equipment resources;
- 4.17.5 Results of client feedback;
- 4.17.6 Training needs;
- 4.17.7 Results of supervision and monitoring activities of inspectors, including verification of inspector's performance related to ethical and impartial behavior;
- 4.17.8 Changes needed in the management system;
- 4.17.9 Perceived risk to impartiality.

4.18 **Status Review and Notification/Reporting Discrepancy:** Policies and procedures shall be in place to notify the building official(s) and registered design professional(s) if corrective actions arising from special inspections remain unresolved. These must be consistent with the building code requirements and those stipulated by the AHJ in the area where the project is to be constructed.

4.19 **Procedures for Dispatching Daily, Intermediate and Final Reports:** Issuance of a final inspection report (sign off documentation or any other applicable contractual deliverable) shall occur only after verification that remaining discrepancies in each special inspection category have been resolved to the satisfaction of the owner or their authorized representative. Evidence of correlation of data shall be made available during onsite assessment.

Note: An example is a sign-off letter that is traced back to all related inspection visits performed, with cumulative compilation of status of closure of discrepancies observed/resolved.

4.20 **Contents and Coverage of Inspection Reports**

- 4.20.1 Inspection reports issued by the SIA shall accurately and clearly present the results of special inspections. Inspection reports shall comply with the reporting requirements of the building code or AHJ's requirements and contain the following minimum information, as applicable: inspection date, and arrival and departure times (or total duration onsite) of the inspector.
- 4.20.2 Information pertaining to review of material records. (Material certification requirements are included, but not limited to those noted, in Appendix A.)
- 4.20.3 Structure/item inspected, including applicable codes, standards, approved construction documents, etc.
- 4.20.4 Results of inspection/tests witnessed or performed.
- 4.20.5 Resolution of any discrepancies noted during previous inspections.
- 4.20.6 Description of samples obtained, if any, including quantity, dimensions and relevant physical characteristics. Samples collected and sent to a test laboratory for evaluation and testing shall have a chain of custody.
- 4.20.7 Identification of measurement and monitoring devices used during inspection and measurement/testing, where results are declared and included as part of the inspection report with attestation.
- 4.20.8 Names and signatures of the inspector and client's representative (if applicable per contract).

4.21 **Training**

Identification of training needs for each person shall take place at least once per year. This review shall result in documented plans for further training or a statement that no further training is presently required for the individual. Training records should normally be signed by the individual and the reviewer. (If training needs are not signed, they must include the identity of the reviewer and the date and nature of training.) A statement that no further training is needed shall be interpreted as an endorsement, by the organization, of the person's competence in all aspects of their role at the date of the review.

Where records indicate that a member of staff has not maintained current involvement in a particular skill area, the SIA must have documented procedures for managing the progressive reduction of current knowledge, which inevitably results. Procedures must also be in place for providing refresher training where required.

4.22 **Supervision/Monitoring of Inspectors**

To ensure consistency in inspections and compliance with accreditation requirements, SIAs shall have an effective supervision/monitoring system for their inspectors. The extent, nature and level of supervision/monitoring exercised shall consider the qualifications, experience, training and technical knowledge of the SIA staff and the inspections being undertaken. Regular review of inspection reports by supervisory personnel shall include:

4.22.1 **Desk Top Review**

- 4.22.1.1 Review of the inspection reports for adequacy and completeness, at periodicity commensurate with project needs, but at least once during each calendar year.
- 4.22.1.2 Technical review by supervisors with the authority and acquired knowledge/expertise in specific area of inspection. For inspections by licensed professionals, the SIA shall determine whether technical reviews are warranted.
- 4.22.1.3 Completeness reviews to ensure all required information is included in the final report and that the report approved for release is desirable.
- 4.22.1.4 Competence of the inspector with the SIA's policies, operating procedures and regulatory/statutory requirements to be compiled for specific job responsibility.
- 4.22.1.5 Compliance with requirements imposed by the jurisdiction in which inspections are conducted.
- 4.22.1.6 Review of feedback from the clients (and building department staff, if applicable).

In the event that no inspection activities were performed in a given situation, the supervisor must formally make an attempt to simulate the inspection environment and authorize the inspector to perform inspections on demand.

Note: In case of a single special inspector, random review by peer group or client may be essential, at the discretion of the agency.

Note: In case of inspection performed by a primary inspector and no other equally (at least) qualified personnel are available in the agency, such reports could be self-certified by performing inspector.

4.22.2 Onsite Review

- 4.22.2.1 Review of records maintained of the monitoring of inspectors at least once during their first month of employment.
- 4.22.2.2 Review of records of periodic monitoring of inspectors in the field not less than once every four years for each field of inspection by the SIA. A rolling plan shall be made available at the initial stage of implementation and continuity shall be demonstrated.
- 4.22.2.3 Review of the quality of inspection activities established by the SIA which may include, but are not limited to:
 - 4.22.2.3.1 **Comparison of findings:** Several inspectors (drawn from one or several sites) may inspect an item (either concurrently or over a time interval such that the stability of the inspected item is assured) and the findings are then compared. Comparisons may be numerical or qualitative and a statistical analysis of outcomes may highlight whether the findings from each inspector are satisfactory. Comparison is against the consensus of the group.
 - 4.22.2.3.2 **Measurement audits:** An object of inspection with known reference values or qualities may be used in a manner similar to that described in Section 4.22.2.3.1 above. The extent of variance between the reported results from the inspector and the reference value/quality may be used as a performance valuation tool.
 - 4.22.2.3.3 **Technical witnessing:** An inspector may observe another inspector during an inspection, to confirm the coverage and application of judgment. This technique is frequently used as a measure of the effectiveness of training.
- 4.22.3 **Authorization and Identification of Special Inspectors:** Documentation of the start date of authorization of each special inspector.

5.0 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (AS APPLICABLE)

Minimum Qualifications for Special Inspectors

Qualification requirements for special inspectors are as specified in Table 1, unless otherwise stipulated by the AHJ/Scheme Owner. Where professional licensing is NOT a local AHJ requirement to perform duties, other equivalent education, qualification and professional experience shall be considered as equivalent, as determined in the Table and application for specified economy or AHJ only. Similarly, where relevant personnel certification courses are not available in the economy (or web-based certification programs are not available), other equivalent personnel certification shall be applied based on relevant and AHJ/Scheme Owner's requirement.

6.0 LINKS TO ADDITIONAL REFERENCES

- 6.1 Asia Pacific Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation – www.aplac.org
- 6.2. International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation – www.ilac.org
- 6.3. International Organization for Standardization – www.iso.org
- 6.4. International Electrotechnical Commission – www.iec.ch

6.5. International Accreditation Service – www.iasonline.org

6.6 International Code Council – www.iccsafe.org

These criteria were previously issued: January 2005 as Requirements; May 2005, August 2006, May 2007, April 2008, September 2008, October 2009, May 2010, April 2011, October 2011, August 2012, June 2013, February 2016, ~~and~~ August 2016 ~~and~~ September 2017

CREDENTIAL REQUIREMENT FOR SPECIAL INSPECTORS

(where AHJ/AA do not prescribe a specific requirement)

Professional License: A professional engineering or architecture license issued by any of the State Licensing Boards within the U.S. (only applicable to a U.S. domiciled agency). Other economy accepting criteria are equally recognized subject to written submission of equivalency of credentials.

Recognized Education: The following degreed programs are acceptable (ABET reorganization is NOT criteria unless the AHJ/AA wants it mandated in written law/regulation/bulletin or similar other statement:

Engineering Degree: An engineering degree (four or more years) from a curriculum listed as accredited by the United States Department of Education, resulting in issuance of a diploma of at least the Bachelor of Science designation.

Architecture Degree: An architecture degree from a curriculum listed as accredited by the United States Department of Education, resulting in issuance of a diploma of at least the Bachelor of Architecture designation.

Any other Technical Degree from another Economy: A degree from a curriculum of an education institution, ABET accredited. Other economy accepting criteria are equally recognized subject to written submission of equivalency of testimonial.

Demonstratable Experience: To qualify as an EXPERIENCED SPECIAL INSPECTOR, an inspector needs to demonstrate to the assessor that earned experiences are REVELANT and NOT COUNTED as a time-line spent in a project environment or similar other association.

The following are used as an acceptable means:

- Self-maintenance of a log for national certifications from a third-party training service provider; example: FICA, IFC, AWS, ICC.
- An inspector is expected to demonstrate skill-based, hands-on competence to the satisfaction of the assessor at the site or similar environment.
- In order to recognize a professional who claims to possess special inspection skills, otherwise need to demonstrate the following:
 - Design, Engineering, Construction management, Project management at active site during construction/re-construction phase/Fabrication at shop/plant/in-situ facility, erection and commissioning role, and performing/supervising laboratory testing. The equivalency of time spent in such activities vary for each environment and is under the sole discretion of the AHJ/AA.

Training and Certification

In-house Training: Documented in-house training **could be** considered, provided it includes structured class room or semi-structured web-based training followed by an individual evaluation of skills earned. Class room/web-based instruction, onsite instruction, and hands-on training by supervisors/qualified inspectors, as determined by each SIA Management could be accepted subject to AHJ/AA need.

Documentation shall include project or location of training, type of training, name and signature of training service provider (name of individual with identity, name of organization may not be sufficient, if no accreditation status could be verified) who provided such training, topics discussed, areas inspected, and other necessary information. The documentation of the in-house training shall be signed.

IAS Recognized Certification/Training: The certifications from the following third-party training service and certification service providers (both ISO/IEC 17024 accredited and otherwise) are recognized for special inspection, subject to approval from the respective AHJ/AA:

- **AABC (Air Balance Testing/Mechanical/smoke Control, Stairwell Pressurization):** Certified Test and Balance Technician (AABC-CTBT), Test and Balance Engineer (AABC-TBE)
- **ACG (Air Balance Testing):** Certified Commissioning Technician CxT (ACG-CCT), and Commissioning Authority CxA (ACG-CA)
- **ACI (Concrete):** Field personnel, ACI Concrete Construction Special Inspector (ACI-CCSI)

- **ACI (Concrete and Masonry):** Field personnel: ACI Field Testing Technician-Grade I (ACI-I-F).
- **ACI-CRSI (Adhesive Anchors):** Adhesive Anchor Installer (ACI-CRSI)
- **ACIL:** Construction Materials Engineering and Testing Section Soil Testing Technician Certification
- **ASNT (Structural Steel: Non-Destructive Testing):** NDT II (Radiographic Testing, RT; Magnetic Particle Testing, MT; Liquid Penetrant Testing, PT; and Ultrasonic Testing, UT) qualified in accordance with American Society of Nondestructive Testing (ASNT) document SNT-TC-1A (current edition). NDT III (RT, MT, PT, and UT) certified by ASNT. In-house certification of NDT II is acceptable. In-house certification of NDT III is not acceptable. Program qualification to other documents will be considered on a case-by-case basis
- **AWCI (Exterior Wall System):** Exterior Insulated Finish System Inspector (EIFS-I)
- **AWS (Structural Steel: Welding):** CWI, according to AWS guidelines or CSA Standard W178.2; SCWI according to AWS guidelines
- **CSWIP is administered by TWI Certification Ltd:** For Welding Inspectors
- **FCIA Training Program to FCIA Manual of Practice, (MOP):** The Firestop Standard – The FCIA Firestop Industry Manual of Practice, developed to be the basis for the FM 4991 Approved Firestop Contractor and UL Qualified Firestop Contractor Exam. Once a person passes the exam and is employed / appointed by an FM 4991 Approved or UL Qualified Firestop Contractor they become a Designated Responsible Individual (DRI)
- **FM:** A certification for fire penetration inspectors issued by FM Global
- **ICC (Concrete, Masonry, Structural Steel & Welding, Fireproofing, Soils, and Building):** Reinforced Concrete Special Inspector (47); Pre-stressed Concrete Special Inspector (92); Structural Masonry Special Inspector (84); Structural Steel and Bolting Special Inspector (S1); Structural Welding Special Inspector (S2); Soil Special Inspector (EC); Spray-applied Fireproofing Special Inspector (86)
- **NEBB:** National Environmental Balancing Bureau
- **NFPA (Smoke Control):** Certified Fire Protection Specialist (CFPS) or Certified Fire Inspector (CFI) to NFPA 1031
- **NICET (Earthwork, Shallow Foundations, and Deep Foundations):** Field Personnel, Geotechnical Engineering Technology-Construction Subfield Levels I, II, III, and IV (N-I-GET, N-II-GET, N-III-GET, and N-IV-GET). Laboratory Personnel, Construction Materials Testing-Soils Subfield levels I, II, III, and IV (N-I-CMT, N-II-CMT, N-III-CMT, and N-IV-CMT)
- **NICET (Smoke-Control /Fire Protection):** Level II in: Fire Protection Engineering Technology, Water Based Fire Protection Systems Layout Subfield (N-II-FPSL); Fire Alarm Systems Subfield (N-II-FPFA), Inspection and Testing of Water Based Systems Subfield (N-II-FPIT), and Special Hazards Suppression Systems Subfield (N-II-FPSHS)
- **NPCA (National Precast Concrete Association):** As applicable
- **Portland Cement Association (PCA):** As Applicable
- **PTI (Concrete):** Level 2 Unbonded Post-Tensioning Inspector (PTI-L2)
- **TABB (Air Balance Testing):** Certified Technician (TABB-CT), Supervisor (TABB-S)

AHJ/AA – Authority Having Jurisdiction/Authorizing Authority

Table 1 — Minimum Acceptable Technical Competency for a Special Inspector
(the below table shall be used in absence of any specified requirement by AHJ/AA)

No.	Special Inspection Category	Required Certification(s)
1	<u>Reinforced Concrete</u>	<u>ICC Reinforced Concrete SI or ACI Concrete Construction SI</u>
2	<u>Concrete Construction (Pre-stressed/Precast)</u>	<u>ICC Pre-stressed SI and ICC Reinforced Concrete SI</u>
3	<u>Soils</u>	<u>ICC Soils SI (ICC-EC) or NICET II (geotechnical or construction or construction material testing or soils)</u>
4	<u>Masonry</u>	<u>ICC Structural Masonry SI</u>
5	<u>Structural Steel (Welding), High-Pressure Steam Piping (Welding), Gas Piping (Welding), Hot Water Piping (Welding)</u>	<u>AWS CWI or ICC Structural Welding SI, CSWIP (WI 6/92 where admissible)</u>
6	<u>Nondestructive Testing (NDT) (All applicable Methods)</u>	<u>Hours of field experience as per -CP-189 NDT or SNT-TC-1a NDT, or ACCP or equivalent</u>
7	<u>Structural Cold-formed Steel</u>	<u>ICC Commercial Building Inspector or ICC Residential Building Inspector</u>
8	<u>Steel (High-Strength Bolting)</u>	<u>ICC Structural Steel and Bolting SI</u>
9	<u>Post-Installed Structural Anchors in Concrete</u>	<u>ICC Reinforced Concrete SI or ACI Concrete Construction SI</u>
10	<u>Structural Safety - Stability and Mechanical Demolition, Underpinning, Excavation - Sheeting, Shoring, and Bracing</u>	<u>RDP, PE, or BS Engineering / Architecture where licensing is not practiced or Valid Site Safety Manager Certification. NICET II (geotechnical or construction or construction material testing or soils)</u>
11	<u>Seismic Isolation Systems</u>	<u>RDP, PE, or BS Engineering with Civil/Structural, where licensing is not practiced</u>
12	<u>Pier and Pile Foundations</u>	<u>NICET II (geotechnical or construction or construction material testing or soils)</u>
13	<u>Wood Construction</u>	<u>ICC Commercial Building Inspector or ICC Residential Building Inspector</u>
14	<u>Wall Panels, Curtain Walls, and Veneers</u>	<u>ICC Commercial Building Inspector or ICC Residential Building Inspector</u>
15	<u>Chimneys</u>	<u>ICC Commercial Mechanical Inspector or ICC Residential Mechanical Inspector</u>
16	<u>Smoke Control Systems</u>	<u>AABC, NEBB or other equivalent Balancing Technician Certification for personnel, and if subcontracted NEEB/AABC or another equivalent accreditation for agency subcontractor</u>
17	<u>Mechanical Systems</u>	<u>ICC Commercial Mechanical Inspector or ICC Residential Mechanical Inspector</u>
18	<u>Heating Systems</u>	<u>ICC Commercial Mechanical Inspector or ICC Residential Mechanical Inspector</u>
19	<u>Fuel-oil Storage and Piping Systems</u>	<u>ICC Commercial Mechanical Inspector or ICC Residential Mechanical Inspector or API Aboveground Storage Tank Inspector</u>
20	<u>Spray-applied Fire-resistant Materials / Intumescent Fire-resistant Coatings / Mastic Fire-resistant Coatings</u>	<u>ICC Spray-Applied Fireproofing SI or ICC Fire Inspector I or Certified Fire Inspector (NFPA 1031, where admissible)</u>

21	<u>Firestop Systems</u>	<u>UL Firestop Examination or FM Firestop Examination or IFC Firestop Special Inspector Examination</u>
22	<u>Sprinkler Systems</u>	<u>ICC Commercial Building Inspector or ICC Residential Building Inspector, or ICC Fire Inspector I or Certified Fire Inspector (NFPA 1031, where admissible)</u>
23	<u>Standpipe Systems</u>	<u>ICC Commercial Building Inspector or ICC Residential Building Inspector, or ICC Fire Inspector I or Certified Fire Inspector (NFPA 1031, where admissible)</u>
24	<u>Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems (EIFS)</u>	<u>AWCI EIFS Inspector</u>
25	<u>Site Storm Drainage Disposal and Detention/Retention System</u>	<u>ICC Soils SI or NICET II (geotechnical or construction or construction material testing or soils)</u>
26	<u>Facade Inspection, as per Owner's Contract Provision or AHJ Requirement</u>	<u>ICC Commercial Building Inspector or ICC Residential Building Inspector, having 5 years of experience in high-rise building construction/ maintenance/restoration/ design/engineering, inspection or as per provision of AHJ. Conversant with ASTM E2270 and ASTM E2841 and the following:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Factors relevant to historic buildings</u> • <u>Investigation end data collection techniques</u> • <u>Material and repair techniques</u>
27	<u>Metal Building Assembly Inspection</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>OSHA 10 certificate for employees with more than one year of experience; and</u> <u>Metal Buildings Institute Quality and Craftsmanship Training Series or Ironworker Quality Construction Practices Metal Building Systems training</u>
28	<u>Special Cases</u>	<u>ICC Commercial Building Inspector or ICC Residential Building Inspector</u>

Note(s): Required Minimum Educational Qualification and Required Relevant Experience

1. When qualifications for special inspectors are locally defined by statute, ordinance or rule, and vary from the requirements outlined in these criteria, these local requirements may be recognized for work within the Authorizing AHJ.
2. Professional Development of Special Inspectors requires those individuals to obtain onsite experience performing inspections of actual work to acquire the skills, under supervision and the extend varies with time spent. SIAs need to have defined their own written Professional Development Program to use apprentice/provisional inspectors and will limit their use based upon the level of supervision and the complexity of the special inspection assignment. The complexity of an assignment should be minimal and would often be task specific. All documents related to work by an associate or apprentice inspector must be cosigned by a Qualified inspector. The written program must include documentation of compliance with the program.
3. An Apprentice Special Inspector having higher educational degree (Masters Degree, earned PhD, having relevance of subject matters) could reduce the number of years of experience before becoming fully qualified and authorized to perform independent work. A Masters Degree or an earned PhD may reduce the numbers of years of experience by 1 and 2 years, respectively.
4. Special Inspection Agency shall comply with one of the following education and experience requirements, unless stipulated by the AHJ with an additional requirement(s):
 - a. Professional Engineer (P.E.), licensed Architect, or Registered Design Professional (RDP) and a minimum of three months of relevant work experience; or
 - b. 4 Years of verified Bachelor of Science Degree (BS) in Engineering, Architecture, or Physical Science and a minimum of six months of relevant work experience; where licensing is not practiced, minimum experience period may be extended at the discretion of the AHJ; or
 - c. Two years of verified college or technical school (copy of diploma or transcript required) and a minimum of one year of relevant work experience; or
 - d. High school or equivalent graduate (copy of diploma or certificate required) and a minimum of two years of verified relevant work experience; or
 - e. A minimum of two years structural design/engineering experience, or a minimum of two years in manufacturing/testing
 - f. A minimum of three years of verified relevant work experience.

5. RDPs, PEs, or RAs are exempt from *Required Certification(s)* listed in Table 1 above unless required by AHJ, but are subject to following:

a. Onsite assessment of competence during assessment, and

b. Objective evidence of PDH in relevant category of inspection specific discipline.

Where licensing is not practiced, Bachelor of Science Degree (BS) in Engineering, Architecture, or Physical Science shall be used as equivalent educational need. ■

TABLE 1—Minimum Qualifications for Special Inspectors^{1,2,3}

No.	Special Inspection Category	Required Experience	Required Certification(s)	Notes
1.1	Concrete Construction (Pre-stressed/Precast)	Note 4	ICC Pre-stressed SI and ICC Reinforced Concrete SI	
1.2	Reinforced Concrete	Note 4	ICC Reinforced Concrete SI or ACI Concrete Construction SI	
2	Nondestructive Testing (NDT)	As per relevant provision for Level II	Hours of field experience as per CP-189 NDT or SNT-TC-1a NDT	
3	Pier and Pile Foundations	Note 4	NICET II (geotechnical or construction or construction material testing or soils)	Note 5
4	Post-Installed Structural Anchors in Concrete	Note 4	ICC Reinforced Concrete SI or ACI Concrete Construction SI	
5	Soils	Note 4	ICC Soils SI (ICC-EC) or NICET II (geotechnical or construction or construction material testing or soils)	Note 5
6	Spray-applied Fire-resistant Materials / Intumescent Fire-resistant Coatings / Mastic Fire-resistant Coatings	Note 4	ICC Spray-Applied Fireproofing SI or ICC Fire Inspector-I	
7.1	Steel (High-Strength Bolting)	Note 4	ICC Structural Steel and Bolting SI	
7.2	Steel (Welding)	5 Years Minimum or per AWS	AWS CWI or ICC Structural Welding SI	
8	Masonry Construction	Note 4	ICC Structural Masonry SI	
9	Wood Construction	Note 4	ICC Commercial Building Inspector or ICC Residential Building Inspector	Note 5
10	Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems (EIFS)	Note 4	AWCI EIFS Inspector	
11	Firestop Systems	Note 4	UL Firestop Examination or FM Firestop Examination or IFC Firestop Special Inspector Examination	
12	Wall Panels, Curtain Walls, and Veneers	Note 4	ICC Commercial Building Inspector or ICC Residential Building Inspector	Note 5
13	Smoke Control Systems	Note 4	AABC, NEBB or other equivalent Balancing Technician Certification for personnel, and if subcontracted NEEB/AABC or other equivalent accreditation for agency subcontractor	Note 5
14	Mechanical Systems	Note 4	ICC Commercial Mechanical Inspector or ICC Residential Mechanical Inspector	
15	Fuel-oil Storage and Piping Systems	Note 4	ICC Commercial Mechanical Inspector or ICC Residential Mechanical Inspector or API Aboveground Storage Tank Inspector	

No.	Special Inspection Category	Required Experience	Required Certification(s)	Notes
16	Structural Cold-formed Steel	Note 4	ICC Commercial Building Inspector or ICC Residential Building Inspector	Note 5
17	Excavation – Shooting, Shoring, and Bracing	Note 4	NICET II (geotechnical or construction or construction material testing or soils)	Note 5
18	High-Pressure Steam Piping (Welding)	5 Years Minimum or per AWS	AWS CWI or ICC Structural Welding SI	
19	Structural Safety - Stability and Mechanical Demolition	Note 4	RDP, PE, or BS Engineering / Architecture where licensing is not practiced or Valid Site Safety Manager Certification	
20	Site Storm Drainage Disposal and Detention	Note 4	ICC Soils SI or NICET II (geotechnical or construction or construction material testing or soils)	Note 5
21	Sprinkler Systems	Note 4	ICC Commercial Building Inspector or ICC Residential Building Inspector	Note 5
22	Standpipe Systems	Note 4	ICC Commercial Building Inspector or ICC Residential Building Inspector	Note 5
23	Heating Systems	Note 4	ICC Commercial Mechanical Inspector or ICC Residential Mechanical Inspector	Note 5
24	Chimneys	Note 4	ICC Commercial Mechanical Inspector or ICC Residential Mechanical Inspector	Note 5
25	Seismic Isolation Systems	Note 4	RDP, PE, or BS Engineering / Architecture where licensing is not practiced	
26	Façade Inspection, as per Owner's Contract Provision or AHJ Requirement	Note 4 f	ICC Commercial Building Inspector or ICC Residential building inspector, having 5 years of experience in high-rise building construction/ maintenance/restoration/ design/engineering, inspection or as per provision of AHJ. Conversant with ASTM E2270 and E2841 and the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Factors relevant to historic buildings • Investigation end data collection techniques • Material and repair techniques 	Note 5
27	Metal Building Assembly Inspection		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OSHA 10 certificate for employees with more than one year of experience; and • Metal Buildings Institute Quality and Craftsmanship Training Series or Ironworker Quality Construction Practices Metal Building Systems training 	
28	Special Cases	Note 4	ICC Commercial Building Inspector or ICC Residential Building Inspector	Note 5

⁴—It is recognized that development of qualified inspectors requires those individuals to obtain experience performing inspections of actual work. The requirements herein include such experience as do some of the required certifications. To provide a vehicle for individuals to obtain this experience, they may perform inspections in accordance with written associate or apprentice programs that are prepared by the SIA, approved by the IAS, and meet the requirements of the local governing authority. These programs must include, at a minimum: passing certification exams, when available, administered by third-party agencies, such as the ICC and ACI; in-house SIA and third-party training; observation by the associate or apprentice of inspections performed by certified inspectors; and performance by the associate or apprentice inspectors of duplicate inspections with certified inspectors. This written program will also define the use of associate or apprentice inspectors and will limit their use based upon the level of supervision and the complexity of the inspection assignment. The complexity of an assignment should be minimal and would often be task specific. Supervision should be direct, with a certified inspector being

present at the site with the associate or apprentice. The associate or apprentice to certified inspector ratio on a project site should not exceed 1:1. All documents related to work by an associate or apprentice inspector must be cosigned by a certified inspector. The written program must include documentation of compliance with the program.

² Abbreviations: SI = Special Inspector; ICC = International Code Council; NICET = National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies; AWC = Association of the Wall and Ceiling Industry; UL = Underwriters Laboratories Inc.; AABC = Associated Air Balance Council

³ When qualifications for special inspectors are locally defined by statute, ordinance or rule, and vary from the requirements outlined in these criteria, these local requirements may be recognized at the discretion of IAS.

Notes:

4. Applicants shall comply with one of the following education and experience requirements, unless stipulated by the AHJ with an additional requirement(s):

- a. Professional Engineer (P.E.), licensed Architect, or Registered Design Professional (RDP) and a minimum of three months of relevant work experience; or
- b. Bachelor of Science Degree (BS) in Engineering, Architecture, or Physical Science and a minimum of six months of relevant work experience; where licensing is not practiced, minimum experience period may be extended at the discretion of the AHJ; or
- c. Two years of verified college or technical school (copy of diploma or transcript required) and a minimum of one year of relevant work experience; or
- d. High school or equivalent graduate (copy of diploma or certificate required) and a minimum of two years of verified relevant work experience; or
- e. A minimum of three years of verified relevant work experience.
- f. A minimum of two years structural design/engineering experience, or a minimum of two years in manufacturing/testing.

5. RDPs, PEs, or licensed Architects are exempt from *Required Certification(s)* listed in Table 1 above unless required by AHJ, but are subject to onsite assessment of competence by IAS. Where licensing is not practiced, Bachelor of Science Degree (BS) in Engineering, Architecture, or Physical Science shall be used as equivalent educational need. A relevant number of years of experience as mentioned in Note 4 above are desirable for professionals performing inspection, and the need is based on the area of expertise and the AHJ requirements, if any. ■

APPENDIX A — Material Certifications

(Standards listed in Appendix A are Reference Documents; typical reference and other equivalent National standards or norms referenced in contract shall be binding)

ELEMENT	MATERIAL	PRESENT PRACTICE	ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS
Concrete	Mix	Structural engineer approves mix design based upon submittals, verifies approved mix design supplied based upon batch ticket, sample and test cylinders	Batch plant inspection
	Cement		Manufacturer certification
	Coarse Aggregate		ASTM Standards C33 and C330 yearly compliance submittal, sample and test
	Fine Aggregate		ASTM Standards C33 and C330 yearly compliance submittal, sample and test
	Admixtures		Manufacturer certification
	Water		Supplier test result submittal, sample and test
	Reinforcing and Prestressing Steel	Verify grade, size and type by mill stamps on bar	Match bundle tags to mill certification submittal, sample and test
	Misc. Chairs, Anchors, etc.		Manufacturer certification
Bolts in Concrete	Bolts	Verify grade and size by bills of lading	Match bills of lading to mill certification submittal, sample and test
	Epoxy	Observe material packaging and labels, verify compliance with project specs or approvals, observe batching per manufacturer instructions, occasionally sample and test	Manufacturer certification, sample and test
Masonry	Block or Brick	Occasionally sample and test	Manufacturer certification, sample and test
	Grout Mix	Structural engineer approves mix design based upon submittals, verifies approved mix design supplied based upon batch ticket, occasional sampling and testing	Batch plant inspection
	Cement		Manufacturer certification, sample and test
	Grout, Coarse Aggregate		Yearly compliance testing, sample and test
	Grout, Fine Aggregate		Yearly compliance testing, sample and test
	Admixtures		Manufacturer certification
	Water		Supplier test result submittal, sample and test

ELEMENT	MATERIAL	PRESENT PRACTICE	ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS
	Mortar Mix	Structural engineer approves mix design based upon submittals, verifies approved mix design supplied based upon batch ticket, occasional sampling and testing	Observe field batching, verify mix design compliance, sample and test
	Mortar, Fine Aggregate		Yearly compliance testing, sample and test
	Composite	Test prisms	
	Misc. Centering Devices, Screens, etc.		Manufacturer certifications
	Reinforcing Steel	Verify grade, size and type by mill stamps on bar	Match bundle tags to mill certification submittal, sample and test
Structural Steel	Structural Steel		Match delivery information with mill certifications
	Bolts		Match delivery information with certificate of compliance
	Non-shrink Grout	Observe material packaging and labels, verify compliance with project specs or approvals, observe batching per manufacturer instructions, occasionally sample and test	Manufacturer certification, sample and test
	Anchor Bolts		Match delivery information with certificate of compliance
	Weld-filler Materials	Observe material packaging and labels, verify onsite storage	Match delivery information with certificate of compliance
Firestop Systems	Penetration Firestop Systems	Visual or destructive inspection to ASTM E2174-05, verifying installation conformance to classified ASTM E814 or UL 1479 design parameters as published in directories	ASTM Standard E2174 10ae1 Verify certification agency labels and classified systems designs. When appropriate, verify that installing contractors are certified to FM 4991, or to UL Qualified Firestop Contractor Program.
	Expansion and Construction Joint Firestop Systems	Inspected visually or destructively, verifying installation conformance to the classified UL 2079 or ASTM E1966 System Design parameters as published in directories	ASTM Standard E2393 10a Verify certification agency labels and classified systems designs. When appropriate, verify that installing contractors are certified to FM 4991, or to UL Qualified Firestop Contractor Program.
	Building Perimeter Fire Barrier Joint Firestop Systems	Inspected visually or destructively, verifying installation conformance to the classified ASTM E2307 design parameters as published in directories	ASTM Standard E2393 10a Verify certification agency labels and classified systems designs. When appropriate, verify that installing contractors are certified to FM 4991, or to UL Qualified Firestop Contractor Program.