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**ACCREDITATION CRITERIA FOR
INSPECTION PROGRAMS FOR MANUFACTURERS OF METAL BUILDING
SYSTEMS**

AC472

**September 2018
Effective January 1, 2019**

PREFACE

The attached accreditation criteria have been issued to provide all interested parties with guidelines on implementing performance features of the applicable standards referenced herein. The criteria were developed and adopted following public hearings conducted by the International Accreditation Service, Inc. (IAS), Accreditation Committee and are effective on the date shown above. All accreditations issued or reissued on or after the effective date must comply with these criteria. If the criteria are an updated version from a previous edition, solid vertical lines (|) in the outer margin within the criteria indicate a technical change or addition from the previous edition. Deletion indicators (→) are provided in the outer margins where a paragraph or item has been deleted if the deletion resulted from a technical change. These criteria may be further revised as the need dictates.

IAS may consider alternate criteria provided the proponent submits substantiating data demonstrating that the alternate criteria are at least equivalent to the attached criteria and otherwise meet applicable accreditation requirements.

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32 **ACCREDITATION CRITERIA FOR INSPECTION PROGRAMS FOR MANUFACTURERS OF METAL**
33 **BUILDING SYSTEMS**

34
35 **1. INTRODUCTION**

36 1.1. **Scope:** These criteria set forth the requirements for obtaining and maintaining International
37 Accreditation Service, Inc. (IAS), Inspection Programs for Manufacturers of Metal Building
38 Systems accreditation. The criteria supplement the IAS Rules of Procedure for Inspection
39 Programs for Manufacturers of Metal Building Systems.

40
41 1.2. **Overview:** Accredited entities complying with these criteria will have demonstrated that they
42 have the personnel, organization, experience, knowledge, quality procedures and commitment to
43 fabricate in accordance with specified requirements. IAS-accredited inspection programs for
44 manufacturers of metal building systems operate under a documented management system
45 developed in concert with an IAS-accredited inspection agency which conducts unannounced
46 inspections to verify continued compliance with these criteria. The management system includes
47 the manufacturer's written fabrication procedures and quality control manuals which provide a
48 basis for control of materials and workmanship, with periodic inspections of fabrication and
49 quality control practices by an IAS-accredited inspection agency. Although accredited entities
50 are evaluated on their performance measures to consistently produce products of the required
51 quality mandated by specified requirements, these criteria do not cover the products or the
52 design or performance characteristics of the products.

53
54 1.3. **Normative and Reference Documents:** Publications listed below refer to current editions
55 (unless otherwise stated).

56 1.3.1. American Welding Society: D1.1, D1.3, Structural Welding Code.

57 1.3.2. ISO 9606-1, Qualification testing of welders – Fusion welding – Part 1: Steels.

58 1.3.3. ISO/IEC 17000, Conformity assessment - Vocabulary and general principles.

59 1.3.4. International Accreditation Service, Inc. (IAS), Accreditation Criteria for Inspection
60 Programs for Manufacturers of Cold-formed Steel Structural and Nonstructural
61 Components Not Requiring Welding accreditation (AC473).

62 1.3.5. IAS Rules of Procedure for Accreditation of Inspection Programs for Manufacturers of
63 Metal Building Systems.

64 1.3.6. International Building Code[®], published by the International Code Council.

65 1.3.7. American Welding Society: A2.4, Standard Symbols for Welding, Brazing, and
66 Nondestructive Examination.

67 1.3.8. American Welding Society: A3.0, Standard Welding Terms and Definitions; Including
68 Terms for Adhesive Bonding, Brazing, Soldering, Thermal Cutting, and Thermal
69 Spraying.

- 70 1.3.9. American Welding Society: QC1, Standard for AWS Certification of Welding Inspectors.
- 71 1.3.10. Canadian Standards Association: W178.2, Certification of welding inspectors.
- 72 1.3.11. The American Society for Nondestructive Testing (ASNT): SNT-TC-1A Personnel
- 73 Qualification and Certification in Nondestructive Testing.
- 74 1.3.12. American Institute of Steel Construction (AISC), ANSI/AISC 360 Specification for
- 75 Structural Steel Buildings.
- 76 1.3.13. American Iron and Steel Institute: AISI S100: North American Specification for the
- 77 Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural.
- 78 1.3.14. MBMA Manuals:
- 79 1.3.14.1. Metal Building Systems Manual
- 80 1.3.14.2. Metal Roofing Systems Design Manual
- 81 1.3.14.3. Fire Resistance Design Guide for Metal Building Systems
- 82 1.3.14.4. Guide for Inspecting Metal Building Systems
- 83 1.3.14.5. MBMA Model Written Practice-UT Certification
- 84

85 2. DEFINITIONS

86 For the purposes of these accreditation criteria, the definitions given in ISO/IEC 17000, and the
87 definitions that follow, apply.

- 88 2.1. **Approved Fabricator:** An established and qualified person, firm or corporation approved by the
89 building official pursuant to the approved fabricator designation in Section 1702 of the
90 *International Building Code*[®].
- 91 2.2. **Cold-formed Products:** Products such as cold-formed Z- or C-shaped structural members or
92 roll-formed sheeting or deck designed to resist vertical and/or lateral loads.
- 93 2.3. **Contract Documents:** Documents that describe the metal building system to be supplied in its
94 entirety for a given project. These documents include work orders, drawings, specifications, and
95 buyer sketches.
- 96 2.4. **Corrective Action:** Implemented action necessary to eliminate or reduce the root cause of an
97 identified problem.
- 98 2.5. **General Manager:** The person occupying the highest position of authority within a facility's
99 organization.
- 100 2.6. **Letter of Certification:** A project document that certifies the design of the metal building system
101 as required by AC472 Section 4.6.3.2.3.
- 102 2.7. **Management System:** A set of interrelated or interacting elements that organizations use to
103 direct, control and coordinate how policies are implemented and objectives are achieved.
104 Previously, this was referred to as Quality Management System.
- 105 2.8. **Metal Building Systems Manufacturer:** An entity that may be a company, division, subsidiary
106 or similar organization that designs and manufactures a metal building system which consists of

- 107 an integrated set of components and assemblies, including but not limited to frames that are
108 primary structural steel members, secondary members that are cold-formed steel and steel
109 joists, and roof and wall cladding components, specifically designed to support and transfer
110 loads and provide a complete or partial building shell.
- 111 2.9. **Nonconformance:** An action employed that renders a design, member, or component
112 unacceptable for the intended use as specified in contract documents or these criteria.
- 113 2.10. **Nondestructive Testing (NDT):** The process of inspecting, testing, or evaluating materials,
114 components or assemblies for discontinuities, or differences in characteristics without
115 destroying the serviceability of the part or system.
- 116 2.11. **PQR:** Procedure Qualification Record in accordance with AWS Standards, as applicable.
- 117 2.12. **Procedure:** An implemented and written document that describes who does what, when,
118 where, why and how.
- 119 2.13. **Product:** Result of activities or processes.
- 120 2.14. **Production Engineer:** An engineer who performs final designs on projects so that project
121 documents and shop documents can be made.
- 122 2.15. **Project:** A process consisting of a set of coordinated and controlled activities undertaken to
123 achieve customer requirements.
- 124 2.16. **Project Documents:** Documents produced for the buyer's use to support the implementation
125 of the project. These documents include permit and erection drawings, installation manuals and
126 letters of certification.
- 127 2.17. **Quality Assurance:** Measurable systematic actions to assure confidence that the
128 implementation of planned activities result in meeting objectives, goals and contract
129 documents.
- 130 2.18. **Quality Control:** The act of examination, testing or measurement that verifies processes and
131 services, or that documents conform to specified criteria.
- 132 2.19. **Quality Manager:** A quality professional, designated by management who has demonstrated
133 competence in establishing, maintaining and implementing a management system with
134 consistent results. The quality manager shall have direct access to the highest executive level
135 and shall report on the performance of the quality system to the organization's management for
136 use as a basis for improvement of the management system.
- 137 2.20. **Quality Plan:** A written document that describes the procedures and policies implemented to
138 assure product quality meets requirements of specific contract documents. As a minimum,
139 quality plans must meet the requirements of Sections 4.7.1.1 and 4.7.1.2 or 4.7.4.1 and 4.7.4.2
140 of these criteria.
- 141 2.21. **Repair:** Action taken to render a member or component acceptable for the intended use.

- 142 2.22. **Shop Documents:** Documents produced that describe the individual parts and pieces of a
143 metal building system to be fabricated in the fabrication facility. These documents include shop
144 details, bills of material, manifests, bills of lading, etc.
- 145 2.23. **Specification:** A document that states the obligatory requirements to which the product must
146 conform.
- 147 2.24. **Structural Weldments:** Structural framing involving welding, coping, cutting, and drilling of
148 built-up I-shaped sections, rolled shapes, or cold-formed sections.
- 149 2.25. **Subcontractor:** An entity that provides goods or services per stipulated project or shop
150 documents. A subcontractor is hired to perform specific tasks. An example of a subcontractor is
151 a structural steel fabricator.
- 152 2.26. **Vendor:** An entity that provides inventorable, proprietary buy-out items that are available for
153 sale. These items are typically chosen from a catalogue or list and are finite in terms of
154 available options and quantity. Examples of vendors are bolt manufacturers and steel mills.
- 155 2.27. **WPS:** Welding Procedure Specification in accordance with ANSI/AWS D1.1 or AWS D1.3, as
156 applicable.

157

158 3. ELIGIBILITY

159 The metal building systems manufacturer must have, at a minimum, in-house capabilities for Parts A
160 and C. Part B components can be manufactured in-house or outsourced under the quality assurance
161 requirements under Part B. Entities that outsource any cold-form secondary and sheeting products to
162 facilities that are not IAS-accredited facilities must ensure annually that the manufacturer effectively
163 implements a quality management system that is compliant with Part B of these criteria.

164

165 4. REQUIRED BASIC INFORMATION

166 4.1. Fabricator inspection programs for manufacturers of metal building systems must demonstrate
167 compliance with the following requirements:

168 4.1.1. The requirements of these accreditation criteria;

169 4.1.2. IAS Rules of Procedure for Accreditation of Inspection Programs for Manufacturers of
170 Metal Building Systems.

171

172 4.2. General Requirements

173 4.2.1. Quality System

174 4.2.1.1. Entities accredited under these criteria shall establish and implement a quality
175 system that is fully documented. This documented management system must
176 describe the procedures and quality activities for ensuring that fabricated products
177 meet the specified requirements.

- 178 4.2.1.2. A documented management system shall be prepared and submitted to IAS. The
179 documentation shall include a cross-reference matrix prepared in concert with an
180 IAS-accredited inspection agency ensuring that the general requirements in Section
181 4.2, personnel requirements in Section 4.3, data in Section 4.4, the statements in
182 Section 4.5, and the written procedures noted in Section 4.6 of these accreditation
183 criteria have been included.
- 184 4.2.1.3. The submitted management system must be signed and dated by the highest level of
185 authority within the organization.
- 186 4.2.1.4. The submitted quality assurance document must be signed and dated by an
187 authorized representative of an IAS-accredited inspection agency, attesting that the
188 inspection agency has reviewed the documented quality system and that it is
189 sufficient to allow scheduling of an onsite joint assessment with IAS.
- 190 4.2.2. The submitted documentation must be reviewed at least annually.
- 191 4.2.3. The program consists of three parts:
- 192 4.2.3.1. **Part A:** Fabrication of structural weldments and cold-formed products requiring
193 welding.
- 194 4.2.3.2. **Part B:** Fabrication of cold-formed products not requiring welding.
- 195 4.2.3.3. **Part C:** Design of metal building systems.

196 4.3. Personnel

197 4.3.1. Part A

- 198 4.3.1.1. **Quality Manager:** Entities accredited under these criteria shall designate a quality
199 manager who has the necessary training and experience to complete the tasks listed
200 in Sections 4.3.1.1.1 through 4.3.1.1.5. The quality manager shall report directly to
201 the highest level of authority within the organization. The quality manager shall have
202 the following responsibilities:
203
- 204 4.3.1.1.1. Maintaining the documented management system in accordance with these
205 criteria.
- 206 4.3.1.1.2. Monitoring the effective implementation of the documented quality system.
- 207 4.3.1.1.3. Assuring that periodic internal audits are conducted and documented, and
208 that corrective actions are implemented.
- 209 4.3.1.1.4. Assuring that annual management reviews are conducted and documented
210 to assure the adequacy and effectiveness of the quality system. Annual
211 management reviews must produce a summary and a documented plan of
212 action for improvement. Documents to be considered during the annual
213 management review must include, but are not limited to, customer
214 complaints, back charges, internal audit results and corrective actions.

- 215 4.3.1.1.5. Developing quality plans that meet contract documents, and having
216 knowledge of and access to the appropriate documents to meet this
217 requirement.
- 218 4.3.1.2. **In-house Quality Control (QC) Inspector:** Entities accredited under these criteria
219 shall designate an in-house quality control inspector who, as a minimum, must meet
220 the following requirements:
- 221 4.3.1.2.1. Be a Certified Welding Inspector (CWI) in accordance with the provisions of
222 AWS QC1 or the equivalent requirements of the Canadian Standards
223 Association (CSA) Standard W178.2 or for an ICC Structural Welding Special
224 Inspector (S2).
- 225 4.3.1.2.2. Be familiar with and demonstrate knowledge of codes and specifications, as
226 appropriate, for the scope of work specified in the contract documents.
- 227 4.3.1.2.3. Be responsible for assuring that only qualified and certified welders are used,
228 as specified by contract documents for the welding process and procedures
229 permitted for use.
- 230 4.3.1.2.4. Be responsible for assuring continuity of the welders' qualifications as
231 required by American Welding Society AWS D1.1 or D1.3, as appropriate.
- 232 4.3.1.2.5. Qualified personnel must be responsible for overall workmanship and for
233 ensuring all structural members and weldments are 100 percent visually
234 inspected. Although inspections may be delegated to qualified personnel
235 during the receipt and in-process stages of assembly, it is the responsibility
236 of the in-house quality control inspector to ensure that inspections are
237 performed and documented and that the product meets project requirements.
238 Qualified personnel must meet the requirements of Section 4.3.1.2.1 of these
239 criteria or demonstrate competence to perform inspections by appropriate
240 training and/or experience in metals fabrication, inspection and testing. The
241 basis for designating qualified personnel shall be documented by the in-
242 house quality control inspector as noted in AC472 Section 4.6.1.5.3.
- 243 4.3.1.2.6. Be responsible for ensuring that incoming raw materials are properly
244 identified and inspected for compliance with quality plans and specifications.
- 245 4.3.1.2.7. Be responsible for ensuring and documenting that the final assembly can be
246 traced back to the incoming materials, the quality assurance records and the
247 individual welder.
- 248 4.3.1.2.8. Be responsible for reviewing all Welding Procedure Specifications (WPSs)
249 and Procedure Qualification Records (PQRs) before these are used in
250 production welding operations.

251 4.3.1.2.9. Be responsible for ensuring that fabrication of weldments and cold-formed
252 products meet the fabrication tolerances outlined in Table 4.1 or Table 4.2.

253 4.3.1.3. **Welding Personnel:** Entities accredited under this criteria shall ensure that the
254 following conditions are met:

255 4.3.1.3.1. All welding personnel shall be qualified by the test as described in
256 ANSI/AWS D1.1 or D1.3, or other accepted country-specific test standard, as
257 appropriate, by a qualified independent third-party agency. Third-party
258 qualification shall be by certification as an AWS Certified Welding Inspector
259 (CWI) in accordance with the provisions of AWS QC1, *Standard Guide for*
260 *Qualification and Certification of Welding Inspectors*; or current qualification
261 by the Canadian Welding Bureau (CWB) to the requirements of the Canadian
262 Standards Association Standard W178.2, *Certification of Welding Inspectors*;
263 or current qualification by approved third-party agencies, such as those
264 accredited by an accreditation body that is an IAS Mutual Recognition
265 Arrangement (MRA) partner, per ISO 9606-1; or by the International Code
266 Council as an ICC Structural Welding Special Inspector (S2). The in-house
267 CWI, CWB, or ICC structural welding special inspector (S2) may administer
268 the welding tests; however, the qualification coupon shall be evaluated by the
269 third party CWI, CWB or ICC Structural Welding Special Inspector. If tensile
270 testing is required for qualification of welding personnel, the test, or test
271 sample, must be sent to an IAS-accredited testing laboratory for examination.
272 Such laboratories must be accredited by IAS or by an accreditation body that
273 is a partner with IAS in an MRA.

274 4.3.1.3.2. All welding personnel shall have and use an identifying number, letter or
275 symbol for the purpose of traceability.

276 4.3.1.4. **Nondestructive Testing:** Procedures shall be developed as required by the
277 applicable building code and in the project documents.

278
279 If metal building manufacturers include nondestructive testing as an in-house
280 practice, they will receive recognition on the certificate of accreditation. As a
281 minimum, there must be in-house staff certified in accordance with SNT-TC-1A.

282 4.3.2. **Part B**

283 4.3.2.1. **Quality Manager:** Entities accredited under these criteria shall designate a quality
284 manager who has the necessary training and experience to complete the tasks listed
285 in Sections 4.3.2.1.1 through 4.3.2.1.5. The quality manager shall report directly to
286 the highest level of authority within the organization. The quality manager shall have
287 the following responsibilities:

- 288 4.3.2.1.1. Maintaining the documented management system in accordance with these
289 criteria.
- 290 4.3.2.1.2. Monitoring the effective implementation of the documented management
291 system.
- 292 4.3.2.1.3. Assuring that periodic internal audits are conducted and documented, and
293 that corrective actions are implemented.
- 294 4.3.2.1.4. Assuring that annual management reviews are conducted and documented
295 to assure the adequacy and effectiveness of the management system.
296 Annual management reviews must produce a summary and a documented
297 plan of action for improvement. Documents to be considered during the
298 annual management review must include, but are not limited to, customer
299 complaints, back charges, internal audit results and corrective actions.
- 300 4.3.2.1.5. Developing quality plans that meet contract documents, and having
301 knowledge of and access to the appropriate documents to meet this
302 requirement.

303 **4.3.2.2. In-house Quality Control (QC) Inspector:** Entities accredited under this criteria
304 shall designate an in-house quality control inspector who, as a minimum, must meet
305 the following requirements:

- 306 4.3.2.2.1. Be familiar with and demonstrate knowledge of codes and specifications, as
307 appropriate, for the scope of work specified in the contract documents.
- 308 4.3.2.2.2. Be responsible for ensuring that incoming raw materials are properly
309 identified and inspected for compliance with quality plans and specifications.
- 310 4.3.2.2.3. Be responsible for ensuring and documenting that the final fabrication
311 assembly can be traced back to the incoming materials and the quality
312 assurance records.
- 313 4.3.2.2.4. Be responsible for ensuring that fabrication of cold-formed products meets
314 the fabrication tolerances outlined in Table 4.1.

315 **4.3.3. Part C**

316 **Engineer in Responsible Charge:** Entities accredited under these criteria shall
317 designate an Engineer in Responsible Charge who, as a minimum, must meet the
318 following requirements:

- 319 4.3.3.1. Be a professional engineer registered or licensed in the United States to practice
320 engineering or an engineer duly registered or licensed in the country in which the
321 facility is located, who has experience with the building code and the design of metal
322 building systems.
- 323 4.3.3.2. Have full authority for the control of engineering performed at the facility as related to
324 technical decision making. This person need not be the highest level of authority

325 within the organization of the facility as long as appropriate technical authority has
326 been granted to him/her.

327 4.3.3.3. Assuring that annual management reviews are conducted to assure the adequacy
328 and effectiveness of the quality system. Annual management reviews must produce a
329 documented summary and a documented plan of action for improvement. Documents
330 to be considered during the annual management review must include, but are not
331 limited to, customer complaints, back charges, internal audit results and corrective
332 actions.

333

334 4.4. Required Data

335 4.4.1. Part A

336 4.4.1.1. The name of the facility, the physical street address, mailing address (if different),
337 information on the person serving as the IAS contact (including the telephone
338 number and e-mail address), and the telephone number of the facility.

339 4.4.1.2. A floor plan of the fabrication facility. The floor plan need not be to scale.

340 4.4.1.3. A list of major production equipment, including welding, burning, lifting and inspection
341 equipment.

342 4.4.1.4. A list of typical items fabricated (e.g., beams, trusses, girders, bracing members,
343 etc.).

344 4.4.1.5. A copy of all WPSs for production welding. The WPSs shall be written to include
345 essential and nonessential variables, in accordance with AWS D1.1 or D1.3, as
346 appropriate for the type of fabrication performed at the facility.

347 4.4.1.6. A copy of all PQRs for WPSs qualified by testing, when required.

348 4.4.1.7. A list of qualified welding personnel, including their approved welding process,
349 limitations on their qualifications and their identification marks.

350 4.4.1.8. Evidence that welding personnel are qualified by an independent, third-party CWI,
351 CWB, or ICC Structural Welding Special Inspector in accordance with Section
352 4.3.1.3.1 of these criteria.

353 4.4.1.9. The name and certification number of the CWI, CWB, or ICC Structural Welding
354 Special Inspector acting as the in-house quality control inspector.

355 4.4.1.10. The name of the deputy in-house QC inspector who assumes the position in the
356 absence of the primary in-house QC person.

357 4.4.1.11. An organizational chart including the names of the responsible quality managers.
358 This chart must show the relationships among the CEO, the Engineer In
359 Responsible Charge, general manager, quality manager, in-house quality control
360 inspector, deputy in-house inspector, production manager and welding personnel.

361 4.4.1.12. A list of approved vendors, including any testing agencies employed to verify a
362 WPS.

363 4.4.1.13. A list of test and measuring equipment.

364 Test and measuring equipment must be calibrated and traceable to a national
365 standard. The equipment list must include sufficient testing instruments to assure
366 quality compliance as appropriate for the items being fabricated.

367 **4.4.2. Part B**

368 4.4.2.1. The name of the facility, the physical street address, mailing address (if different),
369 information on the person serving as the IAS contact (including the telephone
370 number and e-mail address), and the telephone number of the facility.

371 4.4.2.2. A floor plan of the fabrication facility. The floor plan need not be to scale.

372 4.4.2.3. A list of major production equipment, including burning, lifting and inspection
373 equipment.

374 4.4.2.4. A list of typical items fabricated (e.g., cold formed sections, roof and wall panels,
375 etc.).

376 4.4.2.5. The name of the deputy in-house QC inspector who assumes the position in the
377 absence of the primary in-house QC person.

378 4.4.2.6. An organizational chart including the names of the responsible quality managers.
379 This chart must show the relationships among the CEO, general manager, quality
380 manager, in-house quality control inspector, deputy in-house inspector and
381 production manager.

382 4.4.2.7. A list of approved vendors.

383 4.4.2.8. A list of test and measuring equipment.

384 Test and measuring equipment must be calibrated and traceable to a national
385 standard. The equipment list must include sufficient testing instruments to assure
386 quality compliance as appropriate for the items being fabricated.

387 **4.4.3. Part C**

388 4.4.3.1. The name of the facility, the physical street address, mailing address (if different),
389 information on the person serving as the IAS contact (including the telephone
390 number and e-mail address), and the telephone number of the facility.

391 4.4.3.2. An organizational chart showing the relationships among the CEO, general manager,
392 Engineer in Responsible Charge, and production engineers.

393 4.4.3.3. A listing of all engineers performing production engineering, along with their years of
394 experience in designing metal building systems.

395

396 **4.5. Required Statements**

397 **4.5.1. Part A**

- 398 The following statements shall be provided in the quality system submittal:
399 4.5.1.1. A quality policy statement that includes the following elements:
400 4.5.1.1.1. All activities of the organization shall be directed in such a manner as to
401 ensure that the quality requirements of AC472 will be met.
402 4.5.1.1.2. The elements of the quality assurance program will be disseminated to all
403 personnel assigned activities that affect the quality of the product.
404 4.5.1.2. IAS will be notified, in writing prior to any cancellation of the inspection agreement
405 with the accredited inspection agency.
406 4.5.1.3. Copies of reports of inspections conducted by the inspection agency, if they note
407 major quality control variations, will be forwarded to IAS within 10 days of the major
408 deficiency having been reported.
409 4.5.1.4. Entities accredited under these criteria will notify the inspection agency when the
410 facility is to be closed for extended time periods other than for normally scheduled
411 periods for maintenance or vacations, or for two or more weeks regardless of the
412 circumstances of the closure. IAS and the inspection agency will be notified 10 days
413 prior to resumption of operations.
414 4.5.1.5. IAS will be notified in writing by the accredited entity and the inspection agency if
415 unannounced, follow-up inspections have not been conducted by the inspection
416 agency.
417 4.5.1.6. IAS and the accredited inspection agency must be notified within 30 days of any
418 changes in management personnel. As a minimum, this would include the president,
419 general manager, purchasing manager, production manager or quality manager.

420 4.5.2. **Part B**

421 The following statements shall be provided in the quality system submittal:

- 422 4.5.2.1. A quality policy statement that includes the following elements:
423 4.5.2.1.1. All activities of the organization shall be directed in such a manner as to
424 ensure that the quality requirements of AC472 will be met.
425 4.5.2.1.2. The elements of the quality assurance program will be disseminated to all
426 personnel assigned activities that affect the quality of the product.
427 4.5.2.2. IAS will be notified, in writing, prior to any cancellation of the inspection agreement
428 with the accredited inspection agency.
429 4.5.2.3. Copies of reports of inspections conducted by the inspection agency, if they note
430 major quality control variations, will be forwarded to IAS within 10 days of the major
431 deficiency being reported.
432 4.5.2.4. Entities accredited under these criteria will notify the inspection agency when the
433 facility is to be closed for extended time periods other than for normally scheduled
434 periods for maintenance or vacations, or for two or more weeks regardless of the

435 circumstances of the closure. IAS and the inspection agency will be notified 10 days
436 prior to resumption of operations.

437 4.5.2.5. IAS will be notified in writing by the accredited entity and the inspection agency if
438 unannounced, follow-up inspections have not been conducted by the inspection
439 agency.

440 4.5.2.6. IAS and the accredited inspection agency must be notified within 30 days of any
441 changes in management personnel. As a minimum, this would include the president,
442 general manager, purchasing manager, production manager, or quality manager.

443 **4.5.3. Part C**

444 4.5.3.1. A quality policy statement that includes the following elements:

445 4.5.3.1.1. All activities of the organization shall be directed in such a manner as to
446 ensure that the quality requirements of AC472 will be met.

447 4.5.3.1.2. The elements of the quality assurance program will be disseminated to all
448 engineering personnel performing production engineering.

449 4.5.3.2. IAS will be notified, in writing, prior to any cancellation of the inspection agreement
450 with the accredited inspection agency.

451 4.5.3.3. Copies of reports of inspections conducted by the inspection agency, if they note
452 major quality control variations, will be forwarded by the accredited entity to IAS
453 within 10 days of the major deficiency being reported.

454 4.5.3.4. Entities accredited under these criteria will notify the inspection agency when the
455 facility is to be closed for extended time periods other than for normally scheduled
456 periods for maintenance or vacations, or for two or more weeks regardless of the
457 circumstances of the closure. IAS and the inspection agency will be notified 10 days
458 prior to resumption of operations.

459 4.5.3.5. IAS will be notified in writing by the accredited entity and the inspection agency if
460 unannounced, follow-up inspections have not been conducted by the inspection
461 agency.

462 4.5.3.6. IAS and the accredited inspection agency must be notified within 30 days of any
463 changes in management personnel. As a minimum, this would include the president,
464 general manager, or Engineer in Responsible Charge.

465 4.5.3.7. A Letter of Certification will be issued for all projects per the procedure required in
466 Section 4.6.3.2.3.

467

468 **4.6. Required Written Procedures**

469 Entities accredited under these criteria shall submit written procedures for the following:

470 **4.6.1. Part A**

471 4.6.1.1. **Document Control:** Control of documents and data relating to the quality functions
472 must be provided. This control shall include the following:
473 4.6.1.1.1. A document approval procedure.
474 4.6.1.1.2. A procedure to ensure that only current, approved documents are used.
475 4.6.1.1.3. A procedure to ensure that documents are available at all locations where
476 necessary for the proper functioning of the management system.
477 4.6.1.2. **Purchasing**
478 4.6.1.2.1. Determining that purchased products will conform to specified requirements.
479 The procedure must include a requirement that the type and grade of
480 material be documented on the purchase order agreement.
481 4.6.1.2.2. Evaluation of subcontractors for their ability to meet subcontract
482 requirements. Evaluations may contain summaries or logs, but must include
483 a means of quantifying and measuring the ability of the subcontractor or
484 supplier to provide quality products or services consistent with the required
485 shop documents. For projects requiring IAS accreditation, fabrication may be
486 subcontracted only to fabrication facilities that are currently IAS-accredited.
487 4.6.1.3. **Product Traceability:** The traceability procedure must describe the method used to
488 ensure items are traceable as specified in the contract documents. Items that
489 typically require traceability are materials and consumables that are incorporated into
490 the final product. The project documents will determine if full materials traceability is
491 required; however, the accredited entity must have a procedure to meet the project
492 needs for the type of fabrication performed. In addition to project requirement needs,
493 the accredited entity, as a minimum, must have in their control traceability of the
494 finished product to incoming materials, certified welders, inspectors, plans and
495 specifications. The procedure must make provision for documentation of this
496 traceability on inspection forms or on a controlled copy of the detail drawing.
497
498 Material traceability to heat number, unless otherwise required by contract
499 documents, is limited to main members and does not include items such as
500 stiffeners, clips, and bolted end plates. As a minimum, all steel used and incorporated
501 into the final product must be traceable to the type and grade of material.
502 4.6.1.4. **Process Control:** There must be a procedure that identifies how process control is
503 communicated to appropriate personnel. Process control includes procedures such
504 as cutting or saw operations, fitting and welding of the material, cambering and
505 coating. Examples of forms used in the process control procedure are cut lists,
506 standard drawings or detail drawings. The procedure must describe the accredited
507 entity's method of communicating and establishing priorities of such operations.

508 4.6.1.5. **Inspection and Testing:** The inspection procedure shall include provisions for
509 receipt, in-process and final inspections as appropriate to provide a level of
510 assurance that products are fabricated in accordance with contract documents by
511 qualified personnel. Final inspections shall include a record of the results and
512 resolution of nonconformances identified by subsequent inspections. As a minimum,
513 inspection procedures shall include the following:

514 4.6.1.5.1. Receiving inspection of incoming materials to the required specification,
515 including review of mill test reports and certificates of conformance to ensure
516 compliance with contract documents.

517 4.6.1.5.2. In-process inspection for workmanship that can affect subsequent
518 operations. (Examples of in-process inspections are nondestructive testing of
519 welds that will be hidden or out of reach during the final inspection; visual
520 examination of fit-up tolerances that will not be visible after welding; areas
521 requiring coatings that will not be accessible during final inspection;
522 monitoring of welding operations as appropriate; fabrication tolerances per
523 Table 4.1; and monitoring of roll-forming operations for shape tolerances per
524 Figure 4.1.) Welding process inspections on multiple pass welds must ensure
525 that proper preheat and interpass temperatures are maintained and that the
526 finished welds meet the tolerances specified in the contract documents and
527 are of the required size, without rejectable indications such as cracks,
528 undercuts, inclusions or porosity. In the event in-process weld inspections
529 are delegated by the in-house Certified Welding Inspector (CWI), there must
530 be documentation ensuring personnel performing assigned inspections have
531 been trained on the specific tasks that are delegated.

532 4.6.1.5.3. All final welds are to be accepted under the direction of the in-house CWI,
533 CWB, or ICC Structural Welding Special Inspector. There must be a record
534 of the final inspection ensuring that receiving, in-process and final
535 inspections have been performed.

536 **Note:** All inspectors or assistant inspectors who accept or reject welds must
537 have a current eye exam in accordance with AWS D1.1.

538 4.6.1.6. **Control of Inspection, Measuring and Test Equipment:** There must be a
539 maintenance schedule, including calibration procedures for testing equipment.
540 Wherever possible, calibration services shall be provided by a calibration laboratory
541 accredited by IAS or by an accreditation body that is a partner with IAS in a mutual
542 recognition arrangement.

543

544 It is recognized there may not be nationally recognized standards available for
545 unique testing equipment. When such instances exist, calibration procedures must be
546 in compliance with manufacturer's recommendations to the extent that such testing
547 equipment is calibrated to ensure consistency with the required measuring
548 capabilities. It is the accredited entity's responsibility to ensure that such testing
549 equipment is approved prior to use.

550 4.6.1.7. **Control of Nonconforming Workmanship:** Procedures shall be established for
551 identifying, documenting and assigning the disposition of nonconforming items.

552 4.6.1.8. **Corrective Action:** The procedure for corrective action shall include investigating,
553 documenting and correcting nonconformances. The procedure must include a
554 provision to preclude repetition.

555 4.6.1.9. Handling, storage and delivery procedures shall include identifying and storing of
556 incoming materials and finished products as appropriate to minimize damage and
557 deterioration.

558 4.6.1.10. **Internal Audits:** Entities accredited under these criteria shall identify the
559 frequency, method of documentation and the content of internal audits to determine
560 the effectiveness of the quality system. Audits shall include a summary that
561 compares the most recent audit to the previous audit, and shall include the
562 elements of AC472.

563 4.6.1.11. **Control of Quality Records:** Entities accredited under these criteria must
564 determine methods for storing, maintaining and accessing quality records for a
565 minimum of two years. Quality records must include the following:

566 4.6.1.11.1. Completed in-house quality inspection reports, forms, and checklists.

567 4.6.1.11.2. Manufacturer test reports and certificates of compliance from vendors, for
568 incoming materials and consumables.

569 4.6.1.11.3. Copies of inspection reports by the inspection agency.

570 4.6.1.11.4. Records of internal audits.

571 4.6.1.11.5. Training records.

572 4.6.1.11.6. Evaluations of vendors and subcontractors.

573 4.6.1.12. **Training:** There must be a procedure for the training of personnel who have an
574 effect on the quality of the finished product. The procedure must include provision
575 for maintaining current personnel qualifications. As a minimum, there must be
576 training requirements established for inspectors, assistant inspectors, machine
577 operators, welders, and fitters.

578 4.6.2. **Part B**

579 4.6.2.1. **Document Control:** Control of documents and data relating to the quality functions
580 must be provided. This control shall include the following:

- 581 4.6.2.1.1. A document approval procedure.
582 4.6.2.1.2. A procedure to ensure that only current, approved documents are used.
583 4.6.2.1.3. A procedure to ensure that documents are available at all locations where
584 necessary for the proper functioning of the management system.

585 **4.6.2.2. Purchasing**

- 586 4.6.2.2.1. Determining that purchased products will conform to specified requirements.
587 The procedure must include a requirement that the type and grade of
588 material be documented on the purchase order agreement.

- 589 4.6.2.2.2. Evaluation of subcontractors for their ability to meet subcontract
590 requirements. Evaluations may contain summaries or logs, but must include
591 a means of quantifying and measuring the ability of the subcontractor or
592 supplier to provide quality products or services consistent with the required
593 shop documents.

594 **Note:** While IAS understands some organizations use the term
595 “subcontractor” synonymously with “supplier,” there is a difference, and both
596 suppliers and subcontractors are required to be evaluated on an annual
597 basis.

- 598 **4.6.2.3. Product Traceability:** The traceability procedure must describe the method used to
599 ensure items are traceable as specified in the contract documents. Items that
600 typically require traceability are materials and consumables that are incorporated into
601 the final product. The project documents will determine if full materials traceability is
602 required; however, the accredited entity must have a procedure to meet the project
603 needs for the type of fabrication performed. In addition to project requirement needs,
604 the accredited entity, as a minimum, must have in their control traceability of the
605 finished product to incoming materials, inspectors, plans and specifications. The
606 procedure must make provision for documentation of this traceability on inspection
607 forms or on a controlled copy of the detail drawing. Material traceability to a heat
608 number, unless otherwise required by contract documents, is limited to main
609 members and does not include items such as clips. However, as a minimum, all steel
610 used and incorporated into the final product must be traceable to the type and grade
611 of material.

- 612 **4.6.2.4. Process Control:** There must be a procedure that identifies how process control is
613 communicated to appropriate personnel. Process control includes procedures such
614 as cutting or saw operations and coating. Examples of forms used in the process
615 control procedure are cut lists, standard drawings or detail drawings. The procedure
616 must describe the method of communicating and establishing priorities of such
617 operations.

618 **Note:** Manufacturers shall have a written procedure for implementing the Steel
619 Coalition Lubricant Task Group Final Report dated May 14, 2002, and show evidence
620 that roll formed roof panels and decking are in conformance with the manufacturer's
621 written standards with regards to lubricants and labeling.

622 4.6.2.5. **Inspection and Testing:** The inspection procedure shall include provisions for
623 receipt, in-process and final inspections as appropriate to provide a level of
624 assurance that products are fabricated in accordance with contract documents by
625 qualified personnel. Final inspections shall include a record of the results and
626 resolution of nonconformances identified by subsequent inspections. As a minimum,
627 inspection procedures include the following:

628 4.6.2.5.1. Receiving inspection of incoming materials to the required specification,
629 including review of mill test reports and certificates of conformance to ensure
630 compliance with contract documents.

631 4.6.2.5.2. In-process inspection for workmanship that can affect subsequent
632 operations. (Examples of in-process inspections are areas requiring coatings
633 that will not be accessible during final inspection, fabrication tolerances per
634 Table 4.1 or Table 4.2, and monitoring of roll-forming operations for shape
635 tolerances per Figure 4.1.)

636 4.6.2.5.3. Final inspection includes documented acceptance of all workmanship
637 performed, including materials and coatings.

638 4.6.2.6. **Control of Inspection, Measuring and Test Equipment:** There must be a
639 maintenance schedule, including calibration procedures for testing equipment.
640 Wherever possible, calibration services shall be provided by a calibration laboratory
641 accredited by IAS or by an accreditation body that is a partner with IAS in a mutual
642 recognition arrangement.

643
644 It is recognized there may not be nationally recognized standards available for
645 unique testing equipment. When such instances exist, calibration procedures must be
646 in compliance with manufacturer's recommendations to the extent that such testing
647 equipment is calibrated to ensure consistency with the required measuring
648 capabilities. It is the accredited entity's responsibility to ensure that such testing
649 equipment is approved prior to use.

650 4.6.2.7. **Control of Nonconforming Workmanship:** Procedures shall be established for
651 identifying, documenting and assigning the disposition of nonconforming items.

652 4.6.2.8. **Corrective Action:** The procedure for corrective action shall include investigating,
653 documenting and correcting nonconformances. The procedure must include a
654 provision to preclude repetition.

655 4.6.2.9. Handling, storage and delivery procedure shall include identifying and storing of
656 incoming materials and finished products as appropriate to minimize damage and
657 deterioration.

658 4.6.2.10. **Internal Audits:** Entities accredited under these criteria shall identify the
659 frequency, method of documentation and the content of internal audits to determine
660 the effectiveness of the quality system. Audits shall include a summary that
661 compares the most recent audit to the previous audit, and shall include the
662 elements of AC472.

663 4.6.2.11. **Control of Quality Records:** Entities accredited under these criteria must
664 determine methods for storing, maintaining and accessing quality records for a
665 minimum of two years. Quality records must include the following:

666 4.6.2.11.1. Completed in-house quality inspection reports, forms, and checklists.
667 4.6.2.11.2. Manufacturer test reports and certificates of compliance from vendors, for
668 incoming materials and consumables.
669 4.6.2.11.3. Copies of inspection reports by the inspection agency.
670 4.6.2.11.4. Records of internal audits.
671 4.6.2.11.5. Training records.
672 4.6.2.11.6. Evaluations of vendors and subcontractors.

673 4.6.2.12. **Training:** There must be a procedure for the training of personnel who have an
674 effect on the quality of the finished product. The procedure must include provision
675 for maintaining current personnel qualifications. As a minimum, there must be
676 training requirements established for inspectors and machine operators.

677 4.6.3. **Part C**

678 4.6.3.1. **Contract Review:** Review of contract documents to ensure that the needed
679 resources exist to fulfill the contract requirements. The contract review procedure
680 must include provisions that assure the review is appropriate, and that the product
681 and service will meet the specifications. Procedures must include a provision for the
682 approval of exceptions or change requests. Reviews shall be performed by personnel
683 who have access to the appropriate information and have adequate knowledge of the
684 contract requirements. Reviews must be approved by the Engineer in Responsible
685 Charge.

686 4.6.3.2. **Engineering:** Entities accredited under these criteria shall have written procedures
687 for production engineering that shall include, at a minimum, requirements covering
688 the information in Sections 4.6.3.2.1 through 4.6.3.2.4.

689 4.6.3.2.1. Information on how incoming contract documents are to be evaluated and
690 provided to the design engineer.

- 691 4.6.3.2.2. Information for the preparation and checking of design calculations and
692 erection drawings. Design calculations are to be in conformance with the
693 specified codes and standards.
- 694 4.6.3.2.3. A procedure for the creation of a Letter of Certification. All information
695 pertinent to the structural design that is required to be indicated on the
696 construction documents, as noted in Section 1603 of the applicable edition of
697 the *International Building Code*[®], is to be included. The Letter of Certification
698 shall be sealed in accordance with the engineering laws of the appropriate
699 jurisdiction. As a minimum, the letter of certification shall be in accordance
700 with the requirements of the appropriate jurisdiction.
- 701 4.6.3.2.4. Information on how detail drawings are prepared and how revisions to project
702 or shop documents and change orders are approved.
- 703 4.6.3.3. **Control of Quality Records:** Entities accredited under these criteria must determine
704 methods for storing, maintaining and accessing quality records for a minimum of two
705 years. Quality records must include the following:
- 706 4.6.3.3.1. Order documents
707 4.6.3.3.2. Contract review documents
708 4.6.3.3.3. Design calculations and drawings
709 4.6.3.3.4. Certificate of design conformance
710 4.6.3.3.5. Training records
711 4.6.3.3.6. Evaluations of subcontract engineers and detailers.
- 712 4.6.3.4. **Training:** There must be a procedure for the training of personnel who have an
713 effect on the quality of the finished product. The procedure must include provision for
714 maintaining current personnel qualifications. As a minimum, there must be training
715 requirements established for project managers, engineers and detailers.
- 716 4.6.3.5. **Corrective Action:** The procedure for corrective action shall include investigating,
717 documenting and correcting nonconformances. The procedure must include a
718 provision to preclude repetition.
- 719 4.6.3.6. **Internal Audits:** Entities accredited under these criteria shall identify the frequency,
720 method of documentation and the content of internal audits to determine the
721 effectiveness of the quality system. Audits shall include a summary that compares
722 the most recent audit to the previous audit, and shall include the elements of AC472.

724 4.7. Control of Required Procedures

725 4.7.1. Part A

- 726 **Contract Review:** The quality manager must ensure that contract quality requirements
727 are met. The quality manager will be responsible for reviewing any instructions and/or

728 procedures relative to activities affecting quality to determine if they are properly
729 understood and implemented.

730
731 As a minimum, the following elements must be documented to ensure that contract
732 reviews are managed, controlled, and successfully implemented and communicated to
733 appropriate personnel:

734 4.7.1.1. Quality plans to ensure that fabrication conforms to the most recent project
735 specifications. Quality plans shall include proprietary buy-out items and subcontract
736 fabrication. Project specifications include design drawings, detail drawings, and other
737 related documents.

738 4.7.1.2. As a minimum, quality plans shall address the following:

739 4.7.1.2.1. **Material:** ASTM Grade and Type, AWS filler metal classification.

740 4.7.1.2.1.1. Origin of materials

741 4.7.1.2.1.2. Substitution requirements

742 4.7.1.2.1.3. Material test report requirements

743 4.7.1.2.2. **Workmanship**

744 4.7.1.2.2.1. Cutting of components

745 4.7.1.2.2.1.1. Drilling or punching of holes

746 4.7.1.2.2.1.1.1. Edge distance

747 4.7.1.2.2.1.1.2. Repair of miss-located holes

748 4.7.1.2.2.1.2. Welding requirements

749 4.7.1.2.2.1.2.1. Welding procedure specifications

750 4.7.1.2.2.1.2.2. Control consumables

751 4.7.1.2.2.1.2.3. Cambering, bending, straightening

752 4.7.1.2.2.1.2.4. Dimensional tolerances (See Table 4.2 for built-up section
753 tolerances)

754 4.7.1.2.3. **Coating/Painting/Galvanizing**

755 4.7.1.2.3.1. Surface preparation

756 4.7.1.2.3.2. Manufacture and type of coating

757 4.7.1.2.3.3. Application of coating

758 4.7.1.2.4. Required inspections and sequence of inspections to verify conformance of
759 an item or activity to specified requirements. Procedures needed:

760 4.7.1.2.4.1. Receiving

761 4.7.1.2.4.2. In-process

762 4.7.1.2.4.3. Final

763 4.7.1.2.4.4. Records and reports

764 4.7.1.2.4.5. Nondestructive testing requirements

765 4.7.1.2.5. Acceptance criteria for inspections required in the contract documents for the
766 scope of the project.

767 4.7.1.2.6. Shipping, packaging, and handling requirements.

768 4.7.2. **Part B**

769 **Contract Review:** The quality manager must ensure that contract quality requirements
770 are met. The quality manager will be responsible for reviewing any instructions and/or
771 procedures relative to activities affecting quality to determine if they are properly
772 understood and implemented.

773
774 As a minimum, the following elements must be documented to ensure that contract
775 reviews are managed, controlled, and successfully implemented and communicated to
776 appropriate personnel:

777 4.7.2.1. Quality plans to ensure that fabrication conforms to the most recent project
778 specifications. Quality plans shall include proprietary buy-out items and subcontract
779 fabrication. Project specifications include design drawings, detail drawings, and other
780 related documents.

781 4.7.2.2. As a minimum, quality plans shall address the following:

782 4.7.2.2.1. **Material:** ASTM Grade and Type:

783 4.7.2.2.1.1. Origin of materials

784 4.7.2.2.1.2. Substitution requirements

785 4.7.2.2.1.3. Material test report requirements

786 4.7.2.2.2. **Workmanship**

787 4.7.2.2.2.1. Cutting of components

788 4.7.2.2.2.2. Drilling or punching of holes

789 4.7.2.2.2.3. Edge distance

790 4.7.2.2.2.4. Cambering, bending, straightening

791 4.7.2.2.2.5. Dimensional tolerances (See Tables 4.1 and 4.2 for section tolerances)

792 4.7.2.2.3. **Coating/Painting/Galvanizing**

793 4.7.2.2.3.1. Surface preparation

794 4.7.2.2.3.2. Manufacture and type of coating

795 4.7.2.2.3.3. Application of coating

796 4.7.2.2.3.4. Protection of coating

797 4.7.2.2.4. Required inspections and sequence of inspections to verify conformance of
798 an item or activity to specified requirements. Procedures needed:

799 4.7.2.2.4.1. Receiving

800 4.7.2.2.4.2. In-process

801 4.7.2.2.4.3. Final

- 802 4.7.2.2.4.4. Records and reports
803 4.7.2.2.5. Acceptance criteria for inspections required in the contract documents for the
804 scope of the project.
805 4.7.2.2.6. Shipping, packaging and handling requirements.

806 **4.7.3. Part C**

807 4.7.3.1. **Contract Review:** The Engineer in Responsible Charge must ensure that contract
808 requirements are met. The Engineer in Responsible Charge will be responsible for
809 reviewing the contract documents relative to requirements affecting engineering to
810 determine if they are properly understood and implemented.

811 4.7.3.2. **Design Review:** The Engineer in Responsible Charge will be responsible for
812 ensuring that the production engineer reviews the design documents and the shop
813 documents to verify that the contract requirements are met.

814

815 **4.8. Fabrication Tolerances**

816 4.8.1. **Cold-formed Structural Members:** The fabrication tolerances indicated in Figure 4.1
817 for cold-formed structural members are defined in Table 4.1.

818 4.8.2. **Built-up Structural Members:** The fabrication tolerances indicated in Figures 4.2(a)
819 and 4.2(b) for built-up structural members are defined in Table 4.2.

820

821 **5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (AS APPLICABLE)**

822 5.1. AWS Welding Quality Assurance Guideline for Fabricators.

823 5.2. SSPC, The Society for Protective Coatings.

824 5.2.1. Steel Structures Painting Manual, Volume I, Good Painting Practice.

825 5.2.2. Steel Structures Painting Manual, Volume II, Systems and Specifications.

826 5.3. Steel Joist Institute(SJI) Specifications.

827 5.4. SJI K-I.1 Standard Specification for Open Web Steel Joists, K-Series.

828 5.5. SJI LH/DLH-I.1 Standard Specification for Longspan Steel Joists, LH Series and Deep
829 Longspan Steel Joists, DLH Series.

830 5.6. Steel Coalition Lubricant Task Group Final Report, May14, 2002.

831

832 **6. LINKS TO ADDITIONAL REFERENCES**

833 6.1. IAS – www.iasonline.org

834 6.2. International Code Council – www.iccsafe.org

835 6.3. MBMA – www.mbma.com

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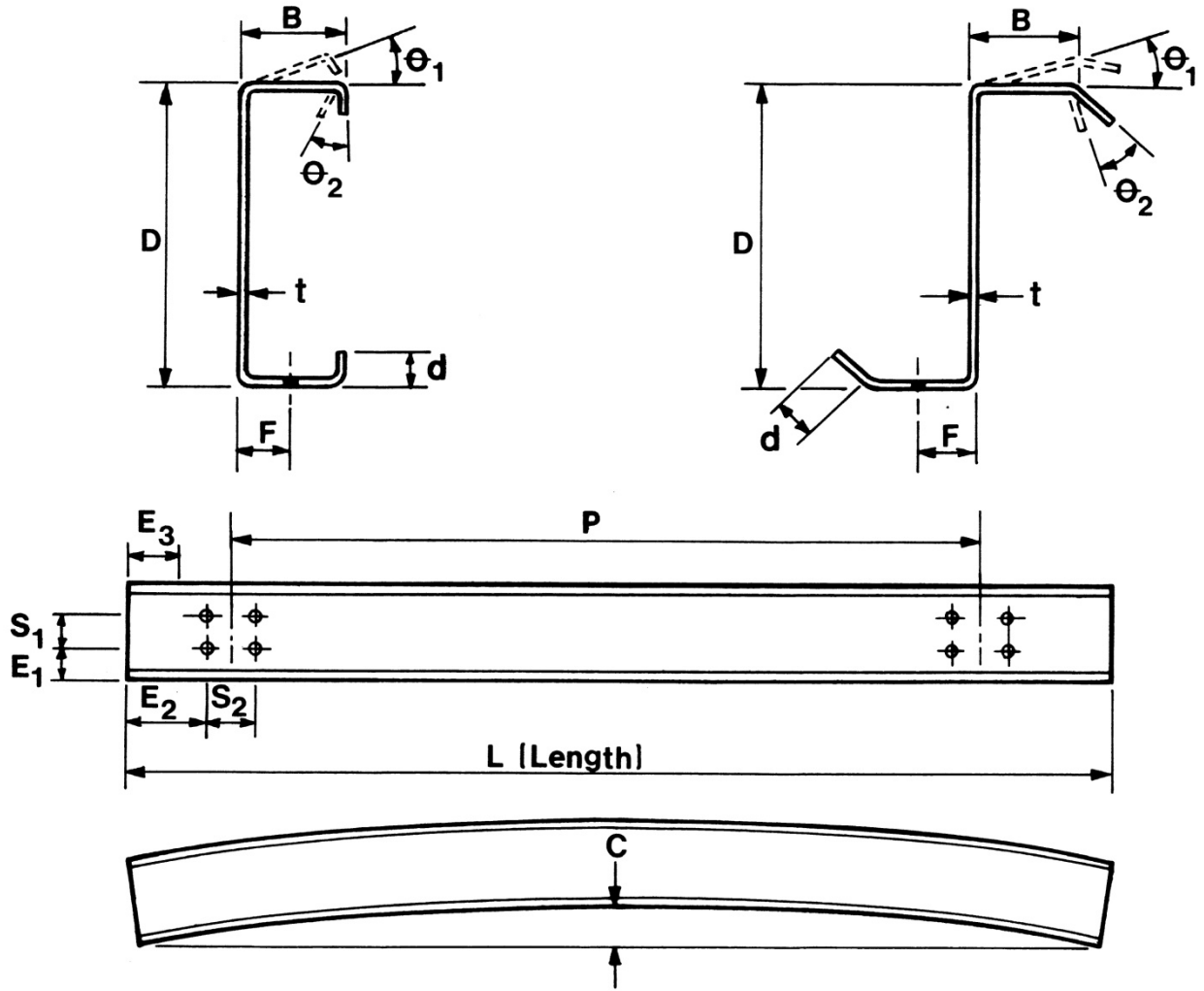
Table 4.1
Cold-formed Structural Members

Formed Structural Members			
	Dimension	Tolerances	
		+	-
Geometry	D	3/16"	3/16"
	B	3/16"	3/16"
	d	3/8"	1/8"
	θ_1	3°	3°
	θ_2	5°	5°
Hole Location	E ₁	1/8"	1/8"
	E ₂	1/8"	1/8"
	E ₃	1/8"	1/8"
	S ₁	1/16"	1/16"
	S ₂	1/16"	1/16"
	F	1/8"	1/8"
	P	1/8"	1/8"
Length (L)		1/8"	1/8"
Camber (C)		1/4" x L (ft)/ 10	
Minimum Thickness (t)		0.95 (Design t)	

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Figure 4.1
Cold-formed Structural Members



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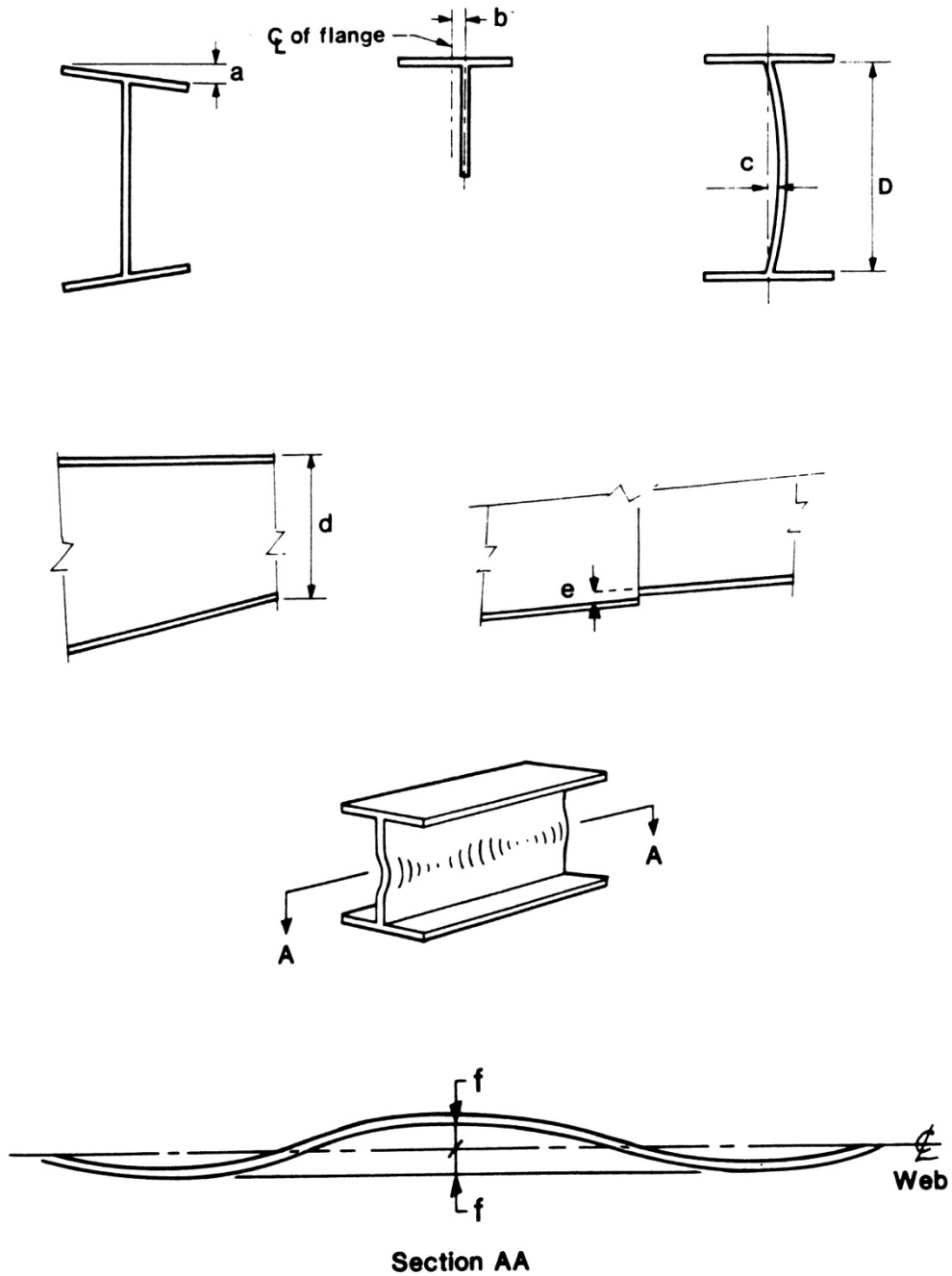
**Table 4.2
 Built-up Structural Members**

Built-up Structural Members				
	Dimension	Tolerances		
		+	-	
	a	3°- 1/4" Max	3°- 1/4" Max	
	b	1/4"	1/4"	
	d	3/16"	3/16"	
	e	1/8"	1/8"	
	c	D/72"		
	f	D/72"		
	E1	1/8"	1/8"	
	E2	1/8"	1/8"	
	E3	1/8"	1/8"	
	S1	1/16"	1/16"	
	S2	1/16"	1/16"	
	F	1/8"	1/8"	
Length (L)		1/4"	1/4"	
Sweep (S)		Runway Beams 1/8" x L(ft)/ 10		
		All Other members 1/4" x L(ft)/ 10		
Camber (C)		1/4" x L(ft)/ 10		
Splice Plates	N ₁	1/8"	1/8"	
	N ₂	3/16"	3/16"	
	G ₁	1/16"	1/16"	
	G ₂	1/16"	1/16"	
	H	Up to 24"	1/8"	1/8"
		24" to 48"	3/16"	3/16"
		Over 48"	1/4"	1/4"
	J		1/4"	1/4"

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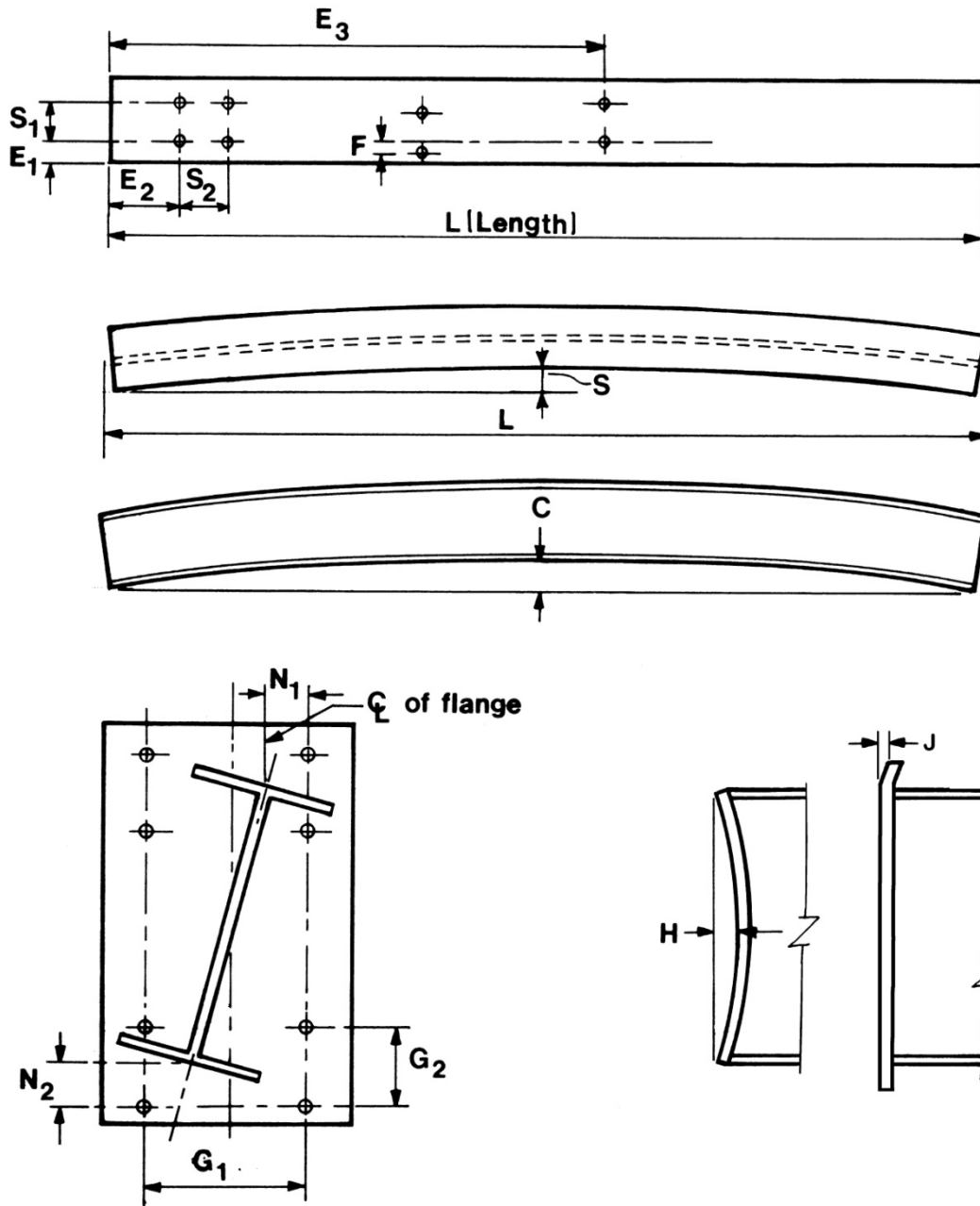
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Figure 4.2(a)
Built-up Structural Member



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Figure 4.2(b)
Built-up Structural Member



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904
905
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These criteria were previously issued April 2008, September 2008, May 2010, April 2011, August 2012, September 2013, February 2015, April 2017 and June 2017.