

1		RULE	S OF PROCEDURE FOR MEDICAL LABORATORY ACCREDITATION
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3	1.0 INT	RODUC	TION
4	1.1	Scope	: The purpose of these rules is to establish procedures governing accreditation of
5		Medica	I Laboratories by International Accreditation Service, Inc. (IAS).
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7		IAS ac	creditation does not make any representation nor should it be construed as
8		making	representation regarding attributes not specifically addressed by the
9		accred	itation. Accreditation also does not constitute an endorsement or
10		recomr	nendation for use of a particular laboratory or the product(s) calibrated by the
11		laborat	ory.
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13	1.2	Refere	nce Documents
14		1.2.1	IAS Accreditation Criteria for Medical Laboratories, AC780.
15		1.2.2	IAS Accreditation Criteria for Calibration Laboratories, AC204.
16		1.2.3	IAS Rules of Procedure for Appeals Concerning International Accreditation
17			Service, Inc., Actions
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19	2.0 INIT	TAL AC	CREDITATION
20	2.1	Initial A	Application, Fees and Assessment Costs
21		2.1.1	Each initial application must be submitted through the IAS Customer portal.
22		2.1.2	The new applicant must submit appropriate basic fee and assessment cost as
23			identified in your quotation.
24		2.1.3	The basic fee covers one field of testing, as applicable and as provided in your
25			quotation.
26		2.1.4	If any additional fields are identified during the course of accreditation,
27			additional fees may apply. Fields of testing are broadly categorized as
28			immunology, genetics, chemical pathology, etc.

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 2.1.5 Initial applications held for more than 180 days, without the applicant's having
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- 32 2.1.6 All IAS fees are nonrefundable.
- 33 2.1.7 Taxes and charges: All sales, use, excise, value-added and similar taxes and
 34 charges are the responsibility of the applicant, and the applicant agrees to
 35 reimburse IAS for any such taxes and charges imposed on IAS with respect to
 36 services provided by IAS.
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 2.1.8 Required documentation as noted in Sections 4 and 5 of IAS AC780 must be
 38 submitted.
- 39 2.1.9 Desired scope of accreditation detailing the test methods for which

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40 accreditation is sought must be submitted. As an example, the following format
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41 is recommended:

Test Method/ Technique	Discipline/ Subdiscipline	Test Samples	Test Description
Gram stain	Microbiology/Bacteriology	Urine specimens	Preparation of films for microscopic examination
			Microscopic examination of clinical specimens
Direct Coombs	Immunohaematology Haematology	Blood Serum > Blood counts	 Blood group antibody screening
Complete Blood Count		Visual examination of blood films	 Blood grouping, including ABO, Rh(D) and other antigens by manual methods Direct Antiglobulin Test (Poly and monospecific)

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- 43 2.1.10 IAS may at any time, in addition to the required documentation noted above,
 44 require other information.
- 45 2.1.11 Initial applicants will be invoiced for the balance of costs and expenses
 46 resulting from the onsite assessment.
- 47 2.1.12 Additional fees, if any, due to identification of any additional fields of testing
 48 (refer to section 2.1.4) at the conclusion of the accreditation process will be
 49 invoiced.
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- 51 2.2 Initial Assessment
- 522.2.1Upon receipt by IAS of the application, applicable fees, required documentation53and the desired scope of accreditation, IAS will process the application as54follows:

55	2.2.1.1 A revie	ew of submitted documentation will be conducted to determine
56	prelimi	nary compliance with applicable requirements. A letter summarizing
57	prelimi	nary observations will be relayed to the applicant, including a request
58	for any	additional data which may be required prior to scheduling the initial
59	assess	sment.
60	2.2.1.2 An (op	tional) onsite pre-assessment visit may be scheduled at the discretion
61	of the	applicant for the purpose of determining preliminary compliance with
62	applica	able requirements. IAS and assessors shall ensure that no consultancy
63	is prov	ided during this pre-assessment exercise.
64	2.2.1.3 Initial	Assessment: In consultation with the applicant, an initial onsite
65	assess	sment will be scheduled to verify compliance with the accreditation
66	require	ements.
67	2.2.1.4 Respo	onse to Assessment Report: A written response to any Corrective
68	Action	Requests (CARs) and Concerns identified during the initial
69	assess	sment shall be submitted to IAS within thirty (30) days of the conclusion
70	of the	assessment as follows:
71	2.2.1.4.1	Corrective Action Requests (CARs) require a mandatory response on
72		actions taken by the laboratory to resolve the CARs, including
73		objective evidence substantiating the actions taken. The response
74		must include root cause analysis to support CAR closures where
75		appropriate. Resolution of CARs requiring revisions to the laboratory's
76		management and technical system must be documented and
77		submitted to IAS. Objective evidence may be in the form of revisions
78		to procedures, additional training, mentoring and monitoring given to
79		personnel accompanied by appropriate records, and/or other data.
80	2.2.1.4.2	Concerns require a mandatory written response from the laboratory
81		within 30 days of submission of the assessment report. While
82		objective evidence addressing Concerns is not mandatory, the
83		laboratory must inform IAS on the action taken or intended action to
84		be undertaken with a timeline for completion. The action taken by the
85		organization to implement actions to resolve concerns will be verified
86		at the agency's next scheduled assessment or during a follow-up
87		assessment.

88		2.2.1.4.3	If more than 30 days are needed to resolve CARs or Concerns, the
89			laboraotry must request, in writing, for an extension from IAS.
90			Requests for an extension should be accompanied by a reasonable
91			estimate on when the responses will be submitted for review.
92	2	2.2.1.4.4	IAS reserves the right to conduct a follow-up assessment to determine
93			if CARs and Concerns have been satisfactorily resolved.
94	2	2.2.1.4.5	Failure to resolve all CARS and Concerns within six months from the
95			date of assessment will result in a reassessment or further action
96			against the accreditation as called for in these rules.
97	2.2.2	IAS will	grant accreditation upon determination that based on the onsite
98		assessm	nent and review of evidence submitted, the applicant has met all the
99		accredita	ation requirements as a medical laboratory for the test methods noted
100		in the sc	ope of accreditation certificate and available on the IAS website.
101	2.2.3	IAS may	decide not to grant accreditation to the applicant for not fulfilling
102		accredita	ation requirements. Any applicant denied accreditation may appeal this
103		decision	as per requirements noted under Section 6.2 of these rules.
104	2.2.4	Each init	tial accreditation is valid for a one-year period from the accreditation
105		date.	
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107	2.3 Transf	er of Acc	reditation: Applicant laboratory currently accredited by a signatory to
108	the ILA	C Mutual	Recognition Arrangement seeking transfer of accreditation, in addition
109	to fulfill	ing IAS ad	ccreditation requirements, must provide the following:
110	2.3.1	A compl	ete copy of the most recent assessment report from your current
111		accredita	ation body.
112	2.3.2	Correctiv	ve actions for any deficiencies noted in the assessment report,
113		including	acknowledgement of acceptance of the corrective actions by the
114		current a	accreditation body. If the applicant and the accreditation body differ on
115		the corre	ective actions or deficiencies, IAS will review them and make a decision
116		as to sta	tus.
117	2.3.3	A copy c	of the most recent accreditation certificate issued by the current
118		accredita	ation body.
119	2.3.4	Other inf	formation as deemed pertinent by IAS.
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121	3.0 MAINTENA	NCE OF	ACCREDITATION

122	3.1 Renew	al Application, Fees and Assessment Costs
123	3.1.1	Each renewal application must be submitted through the IAS Customer portal.
124	3.1.2	An application to renew accreditation must be filed at least 15 days prior to the
125		expiration date if continued accreditation is desired and shall be accompanied
126		by the applicable fee as identified in the renewal notice.
127	3.1.3	Accreditation is subject to cancellation if an application to renew accreditation
128		is not completed by the renewal date.
129	3.1.4	Taxes and charges: All sales, use, excise, value-added and similar taxes and
130		charges are the responsibility of the applicant, and the applicant agrees to
131		reimburse IAS for any such taxes and charges imposed on IAS with respect to
132		services provided by IAS.
133	3.1.5	All expenses, including but not limited to travel and staff time, related to the
134		assessments are reimbursable to IAS by the laboratory.
135	3.1.6	Additional fees, if any, due to identification of any additional fields of testing
136		(refer to section 2.1.4) at the conclusion of the accreditation process will be
137		invoiced.
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139	3.2 Survei	Ilance Assessment after Initial Year of Accreditation
140	3.2.1	All accredited laboratories are subject to a surveillance assessment at the end
140 141	3.2.1	All accredited laboratories are subject to a surveillance assessment at the end of the initial year of accreditation. IAS will determine whether the surveillance
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141	3.2.1	of the initial year of accreditation. IAS will determine whether the surveillance
141 142	3.2.1	of the initial year of accreditation. IAS will determine whether the surveillance assessment may be conducted remotely or onsite. Determination will be based
141 142 143	3.2.1	of the initial year of accreditation. IAS will determine whether the surveillance assessment may be conducted remotely or onsite. Determination will be based on factors including: severity of CARs and Concerns from the initial
141 142 143 144	3.2.1	of the initial year of accreditation. IAS will determine whether the surveillance assessment may be conducted remotely or onsite. Determination will be based on factors including: severity of CARs and Concerns from the initial assessment, changes in the management system as indicated in the renewal
141 142 143 144 145	3.2.1 3.2.2	of the initial year of accreditation. IAS will determine whether the surveillance assessment may be conducted remotely or onsite. Determination will be based on factors including: severity of CARs and Concerns from the initial assessment, changes in the management system as indicated in the renewal application, results of proficiency testing, if any, complaints received by IAS in
141 142 143 144 145 146	3.2.2	of the initial year of accreditation. IAS will determine whether the surveillance assessment may be conducted remotely or onsite. Determination will be based on factors including: severity of CARs and Concerns from the initial assessment, changes in the management system as indicated in the renewal application, results of proficiency testing, if any, complaints received by IAS in the past year and the risk associated with the scope of accreditation.
141 142 143 144 145 146 147	3.2.2	of the initial year of accreditation. IAS will determine whether the surveillance assessment may be conducted remotely or onsite. Determination will be based on factors including: severity of CARs and Concerns from the initial assessment, changes in the management system as indicated in the renewal application, results of proficiency testing, if any, complaints received by IAS in the past year and the risk associated with the scope of accreditation. Onsite Surveillance Assessment
141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148	3.2.2 3.2.2	of the initial year of accreditation. IAS will determine whether the surveillance assessment may be conducted remotely or onsite. Determination will be based on factors including: severity of CARs and Concerns from the initial assessment, changes in the management system as indicated in the renewal application, results of proficiency testing, if any, complaints received by IAS in the past year and the risk associated with the scope of accreditation. Onsite Surveillance Assessment 2.1 If IAS determines an onsite surveillance assessment is required, IAS staff will
141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149	3.2.2 3.2.2	of the initial year of accreditation. IAS will determine whether the surveillance assessment may be conducted remotely or onsite. Determination will be based on factors including: severity of CARs and Concerns from the initial assessment, changes in the management system as indicated in the renewal application, results of proficiency testing, if any, complaints received by IAS in the past year and the risk associated with the scope of accreditation. Onsite Surveillance Assessment 2.1 If IAS determines an onsite surveillance assessment is required, IAS staff will contact the laboratory to schedule the assessment.
141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150	3.2.2 3.2.2	of the initial year of accreditation. IAS will determine whether the surveillance assessment may be conducted remotely or onsite. Determination will be based on factors including: severity of CARs and Concerns from the initial assessment, changes in the management system as indicated in the renewal application, results of proficiency testing, if any, complaints received by IAS in the past year and the risk associated with the scope of accreditation. Onsite Surveillance Assessment 2.1 If IAS determines an onsite surveillance assessment is required, IAS staff will contact the laboratory to schedule the assessment.
141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151	3.2.2 3.2.2	of the initial year of accreditation. IAS will determine whether the surveillance assessment may be conducted remotely or onsite. Determination will be based on factors including: severity of CARs and Concerns from the initial assessment, changes in the management system as indicated in the renewal application, results of proficiency testing, if any, complaints received by IAS in the past year and the risk associated with the scope of accreditation. Onsite Surveillance Assessment 2.1 If IAS determines an onsite surveillance assessment is required, IAS staff will contact the laboratory to schedule the assessment. 2.2 At minimum, the following information shall be reviewed during the onsite surveillance assessment: the laboratory's internal audit and management

155	and test reports for test methods that are within the laboratory's scope with
156	IAS.
157	3.2.2.3 Surveillance assessment process is similar to the initial assessment process
158	noted above.
159	3.2.2.4 IAS may decide not to grant accreditation to the accredited laboratory for not
160	fulfilling accreditation requirements. Any applicant denied accreditation may
161	appeal this decision as per requirements noted under Section 6 of these
162	rules.
163	3.2.2.5 For currently-accredited laboratories, failure to respond to an IAS assessmen
164	report within 90 days will result in suspension of accreditation and removal of
165	the laboratory's accreditation certificate from the IAS website.
166	3.2.3 Remote Surveillance Assessment
167	3.2.3.1 If IAS determines that the laboratory qualifies for a remote surveillance
168	assessment, the laboratory shall provide the following information: the
169	laboratory's internal audit and management review reports/minutes; any
170	complaints; actions resulting from any Concerns noted in the previous
171	assessment report; results of proficiency testing, if any; any major changes in
172	key personnel, facilities, equipment or in the laboratory's management
173	system and reports/methods that are within the laboratory's scope with IAS.
174	3.2.3.2 IAS will review the submittals and make a determination if the accreditation
175	can be continued or an onsite surveillance assessment is required.
176	3.2.3.3 IAS may decide not to grant accreditation to the accredited laboratory for not
177	fulfilling accreditation requirements. Any applicant denied accreditation may
178	appeal this decision as per requirements noted under Section 6 of these
179	rules.
180	3.2.4 IAS will grant accreditation upon determination based on surveillance
181	assessment and completion of renewal application that the accredited
182	laboratory has met the accreditation requirements for the test methods noted in
183	the scope of accreditation certificate and available on the IAS website.
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185	3.3 Onsite Reassessment
186	3.3.1 An onsite reassessment is required at the end of every two-year term
187	commencing from the date of initial accreditation.

188	3.3.2	2 In consultation with the accredited laboratory, an onsite assessment will be
189		scheduled to verify compliance with the accreditation requirements.
190	3.3.3	3 Onsite reassessment process is similar to the initial assessment process noted
191		above.
192	3.3.4	4 For currently-accredited laboratories, failure to respond to an IAS assessment
193		report within 90 days will result in suspension of accreditation and removal of
194		the laboratory's accreditation certificate from the IAS website.
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196	3.4 Scope	Extension Assessments
197	3.4.1	Requests for extension of scope require submission of a formal request
198		detailing the extension (e.g., test methods) requested.
199	3.4.2	Laboratories seeking extension of scope may be subject to an onsite scope
200		extension assessment.
201	3.4.3	In consultation with the accredited laboratory, an onsite assessment will be
202		scheduled.
203		
204	3.5 Extrao	rdinary Assessments
205	3.5.1	Extraordinary onsite assessments may be conducted, including unannounced
206		assessments, to investigate formal complaints or other changes in a
207		laboratory's status that may affect the ability of the laboratory to fulfill IAS
208		requirements for accreditation.
209	3.5.2	All costs associated with the extraordinary assessment will be the responsibility
210		of the accredited laboratory.
211		
212	4.0 RESPONSI	BILITIES OF LABORATORY
213	4.1 Chang	es to Laboratory's Accreditation Status: Laboratories accredited under these
214	rules sl	nall notify IAS in writing within thirty days concerning the following:
215	4.1.1	Change in laboratory name.
216	4.1.2	Change in laboratory ownership.
217	4.1.3	Change in laboratory address.
218	4.1.4	Changes in equipment, policies or procedures that affect the laboratory's
219		accreditation.
220	4.1.5	Major physical changes to the test/calibration facility.
221	4.1.6	Changes in principal officers, key technical or supervisory personnel.

222		4.1.7	Change in status, including but not limited to cancellation, revocation,
223			suspension or withdrawal of other accreditations maintained by the laboratory.
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225	4.2	Labora	atories Operating Under Special Jurisdictional/Governmental Regulations
226		4.2.1	Regulatory entities may place specific compliance requirements on laboratories
227			operating within their jurisdiction. If a laboratory intends to seek acceptance of
228			its reports of its tests/calibrations by these entities, they must agree to comply
229			with the additional assessment requirements, including more frequent onsite
230			assessments, as applicable.
231		4.2.2	By executing the IAS application for laboratory accreditation, the laboratory
232			agrees to furnish all needed documentation, pay the required fees, perform
233			additional witness inspections, or otherwise fully comply with the requirements
234			of the regulatory entities.
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236	4.3	Indem	nification: All applications for an IAS accreditation contain indemnification
237		provisio	ons.
238			
239	4.4	Unann	ounced Assessments: The laboratory agrees to permit unannounced
240		assess	ments of its office and facilities by the IAS for cause, such as formal complaints,
241		pattern	of nonconformance, regulatory requests, etc.
242			
243	4.5	•	of the IAS Name or Symbol by Accredited Laboratories
244		4.5.1	An accredited laboratory can make reference to its IAS accreditation in
245			test/calibration reports, on its website, in its general literature and promotional
246			materials, and in business solicitations, under the following provisions:
247		4.5. <i>′</i>	1.1 The laboratory may not reference its accredited status in any way that
248			indicates or implies accreditation in areas outside the actual scope of the
249			specific IAS accreditation; or that indicates or implies IAS endorsement of any
250			particular product, material or service.
251		4.5.´	1.2 When the IAS name and/or the registered symbol are used, it shall be
252			accompanied by the word "ACCREDITED." The symbol must also include the
253			name of the accredited program, e.g., "Medical Laboratory."
254		4.5.´	1.3 When the IAS name or the registered symbol is printed on letterhead and/or
255			other laboratory stationery, such stationery may not be used for work

256			proposals or quotations if none of the work is within the laboratory's current
257			scope of accreditation with IAS.
258		4.5.1	.4 The IAS registered symbol is to be used on IAS-endorsed test/calibration
259			reports. The IAS registered symbol may not be changed in any way, although
260			it may be enlarged or reduced.
261		4.5.1	.5 The IAS registered symbol displayed on the laboratory's IAS-endorsed
262			test/calibration reports must include the name of the accredited program, e.g.,
263			"Medical Laboratory," provided the reports relate to tests that are within the
264			laboratory's IAS-approved scope of accreditation. Whenever the IAS symbol
265			is used on a report covering multiple tests, some of which are within the
266			laboratory's scope of accreditation and some of which are outside the scope,
267			the laboratory must clearly identify whatever portion of the report is not
268			covered by IAS accreditation.
269		4.5.2	It is the laboratory's responsibility to not misrepresent its accreditation status in
270			any way, and to secure IAS approval in advance whenever there is a question
271			about the laboratory's intended use of the IAS name and/or symbol.
272		4.5.3	An accredited medical laboratory may mention that it operates a laboratory
273			quality management system that meets the principles of ISO 9001 on its test
274			reports and calibration certificates using the following statement: "This
275			laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International
276			Standard ISO 9001:2012."
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278	4.6	Profici	ency Testing: Medical laboratories are required to participate in applicable
279		proficie	ncy testing periodically, to assess their technical competence and to help
280		identify	sources of error.
281			
282	5.0 RE	SPONSI	BILITY OF INTERNATIONAL ACCREDITATION SERVICE
283	5.1	Accred	itation Documents: A certificate of accreditation and scope of accreditation
284		docume	ent shall be issued and maintained current for each accredited laboratory upon
285		satisfac	tory completion of the accreditation requirements. For each accredited
286		laborate	bry, the scope of accreditation shall be posted on the IAS website. Accreditation
287		actions	will also be noted on the IAS website.
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- 5.2 Fee Modifications: Any modifications to the fees must be reviewed and approved by
 the IAS president or his/her designee.
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292 5.3 **Proprietary Data:** Data in any accreditation file or application are considered 293 proprietary to the applicant. The data may be disclosed by IAS only upon the written 294 consent of the applicant or pursuant to subpoen a issued by a court or other 295 governmental agency of competent jurisdiction. Proprietary data may also be disclosed 296 to a staff member of IAS or an authorized representative of IAS having a legitimate 297 interest therein; any duly identified representative of any laboratory, or like person or 298 organization who initially prepared the data, or a duly authorized representative thereof 299 stated to be an employee or principal thereof having a legitimate interest therein. 300 Governmental regulatory bodies may be granted access in the interest of public safety 301 or preservation of property as it relates to enforcement of laws/regulations upon receipt 302 of an official written request.

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3045.4Access to Proprietary Data: From time to time, IAS records and files are audited by305national and international bodies on a random basis to establish conformance with306international accreditation and conformity assessment standards. It is understood that,307by executing an accreditation application, laboratories grant IAS the authority to allow308such access.

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5.5 **Selection of Assessment Team:** IAS will provide an opportunity to the applicant or accredited laboratory to appeal against an assessor or assessment team assigned to assess the laboratory. This appeal must be requested in writing with the reasons identified. IAS, in mutual agreement with the laboratory, may arrange to assign a different assessor or assessment team for the scheduled assessment.

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316 6.0 DENIAL, REVOCATION, MODIFICATION, SUSPENSION OR CANCELLATION OF THE 317 ACCREDITATION, AND APPEALS

- 6.1 Any accreditation is subject to denial, revocation, modification, suspension orcancellation upon occurrence of any of the following:
- 3206.1.1Failure by the laboratory to comply with the current or updated Rules of321Procedure.
- 322 6.1.2 Failure to comply with the current or updated Accreditation Criteria.

323 6.1.3 Failure to comply with any condition to the issuance of the accreditation. 324 6.1.4 Any misstatement, whether intentionally or unintentionally made, in the 325 application or any data or documentation submitted in support thereof. 326 6.1.5 Failure to comply with any provision contained in the application. 327 6.1.6 Failure to comply with any terms of the management system documentation on 328 which the IAS accreditation was based. 329 6.1.7 Any other grounds considered as adequate cause in the judgment of IAS. 330 331 6.2 Appeals 332 6.2.1 The denial, revocation, modification, suspension or cancellation of accreditation 333 may only be appealed by the holder of the accreditation. 334 6.2.2 Procedures for appeals of denial, revocation, modification, suspension or 335 cancellation of accreditation shall be in accordance with the Rules of Procedure 336 for Appeals Concerning International Accreditation Service, Inc., Actions. The 337 IAS president or his/her designee, or the Board of Directors, as the case may 338 be, may shorten any of the time periods set forth in the Rules of Procedure for 339 Appeals Concerning International Accreditation Service, Inc., Actions, if such 340 action is deemed necessary, in their discretion, in the interest of public safety 341 and welfare. 342 343 6.3 With No Right To Appeal: Notwithstanding anything in these rules to the contrary, any 344 initial application, or accreditation may be denied, revoked, modified, suspended or 345 cancelled by the IAS president or his/her designee for any of the following reasons with 346 no right of appeal: 347 Failure to pay required fees to IAS within thirty days from the date of the 6.3.1 348 mailing by IAS of written demand for payment. 349 6.3.2 Failure to perform any test or calibration or to furnish any material or data 350 relating to laboratory accreditation required by IAS within the specified time 351 limit, unless extended by the IAS president or his/her designee. 352 6.3.3 Failure to respond and resolve IAS Corrective Action Requests or Concerns 353 resulting from an IAS assessment report in the allotted time, unless extended 354 by the IAS president or his/her designee.

355		6.3.4	Failure to permit or submit to an assessment as set forth in Sections 2 and 3
356			and, if applicable, the special oversight requirements stipulated in Section 4.3
357			of the Rules of Procedure.
358		6.3.5	Failure to furnish information and/or submit to a remote surveillance
359			assessment as required in Section 3.2.3 of these rules within the specified time
360			limit.
361			
362	6.4	Results	s Of Denial, Revocation, Modification, Suspension or Cancellation
363		6.4.1	Upon the occurrence of any of the events set forth in Section 6.1 or Section
364			6.3, IAS, by the decision of its president or his/her designee, may choose any
365			of the following actions:
366		6.4.1	.1 Denial of the application.
367		6.4.1	.2 Revocation of the accreditation.
368		6.4.1	.3 Modification of the accreditation, on such terms as determined by the IAS
369			president or his/her designee.
370		6.4.1	.4 Suspension of the accreditation for such period on such terms as determined
371			by the IAS president or his/her designee.
372		6.4.1	.5 Cancellation of the accreditation.
373		6.4.2	The decisions of the IAS president or his/her designee with respect to any of
374			the actions set forth in this section may become effective immediately if
375			deemed necessary, in the interest of public safety and welfare, may be stayed
376			pending an appeal pursuant to the Rules of Procedure for Appeals Concerning
377			International Accreditation Service, Inc., Actions, or may be otherwise stayed
378			on such terms and conditions as determined by the president or his/her
379			designee.
380		6.4.3	Upon revocation or cancellation of the accreditation or during any period of
381			suspension, unless this provision is specifically modified by the terms of the
382			suspension, the accredited laboratory shall discontinue all use of the IAS
383			symbol. The laboratory shall also immediately discontinue any references to
384			IAS accreditation on any reports, certificates, or promotional material.
385		6.4.4	IAS shall have the right to immediately notify governmental jurisdictions and
386			any other interested parties of any improper and unauthorized reference to the
387			continuation of the accreditation, when in the sole judgment of IAS, as

388		determined by its president or his/her designee, such notification is necessary
389		in the interest of public safety or welfare.
390	6.4.5	Upon the determination by IAS that cause exists for any of the actions specified
391		in this section, with respect to the accreditation, IAS shall deliver to the
392		laboratory a written statement, signed by the IAS president or his/her designee,
393		setting forth the factual basis for such action. This written statement shall
394		include a specific reference to the cause for the action which is set forth in the
395		Rules of Procedure